



DUKE ENERGY **Electric Grid Research, & Development Center** **Innovation**

eGRID Introduction and Status

3rd International Workshop

November 5th, 2015



***Driving economic growth, innovation, and workforce
development for South Carolina***

Outline

- Laboratory Introduction
- Test Equipment Update
- Solar Inverter Testing
- Battery Energy Storage Testing
- Wind Turbine Testing

The SCE&G Energy Innovation Center



Clemson University Restoration Institute

SCE&G Energy Innovation Center

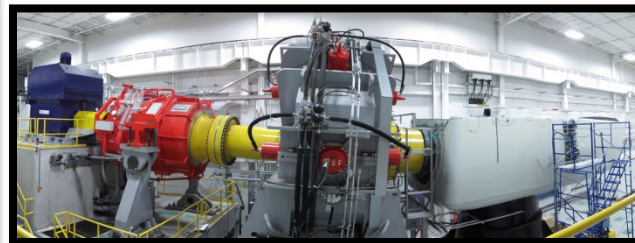
Duke Energy
eGRID Center

15 MW HIL Grid Simulator

Wind Turbine Drivetrain Testing Facility

7.5 MW Test Bench

15 MW Test Bench



Duke Energy eGRID Team

Curtiss Fox, PhD

Randy Collins, PhD, PE

Thomas Salem, PhD, PE

Ramtin Hadidi, PhD

Jesse Leonard, PhD

Mark McKinney, PhD

Benjamin Gislason

Eric Boessneck

Mark Milcetic

Director of Operations

Project Co-PI

Research Professor

Research Assistant Professor

Research Assistant Professor

Visiting Research Scientist (The Citadel)

Research Engineer

Research Engineer

Electrical Technician

Graduate Students:

4 PhD, 2 MS

2015 Summer Interns:

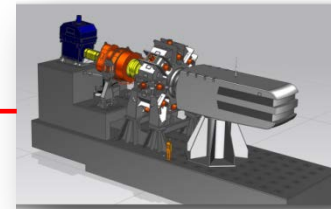
3 undergraduates, 1 high school



SCE&G Energy Innovation Center



23.9 kV Utility Bus



7.5MW Test Stand



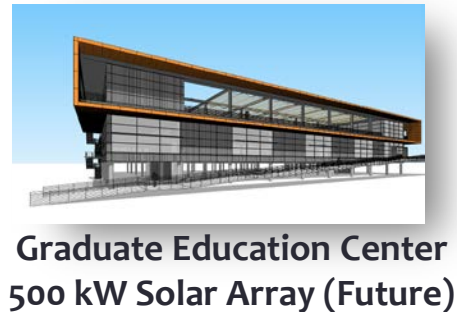
15MW Test Stand

20 MVA HIL
Grid Simulator
eGrid Center



23.9 kV 20 MVA Test Bus

4.16 kV 5 MVA Test Bus



Up to three
independent grid
integration tests can
run simultaneously in
each of the three
experimental bay's



Experimental Bay #3

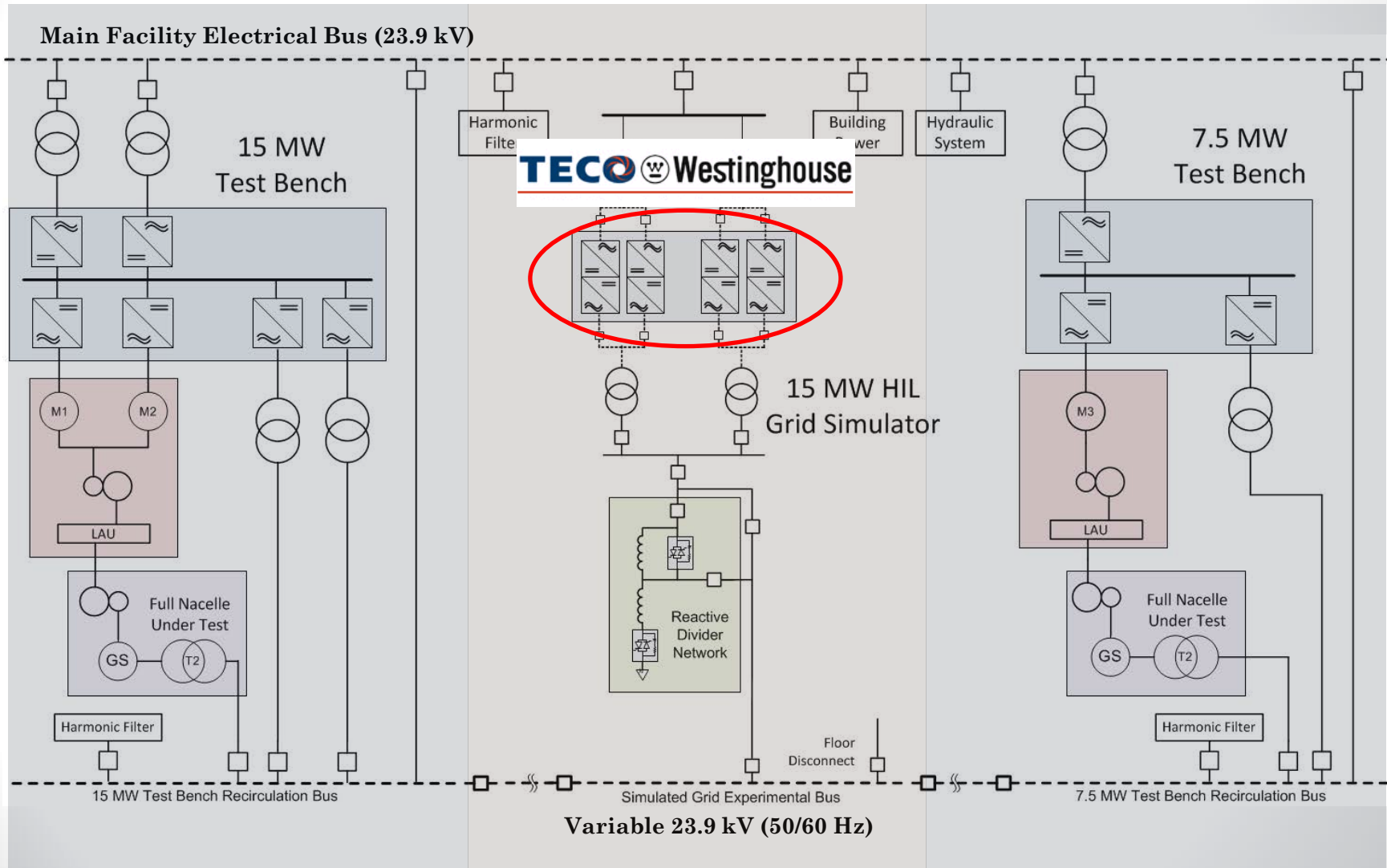


Experimental Bay #2



Experimental Bay #1

SCE&G EIC Electrical Single Line



The 20 MVA HIL Grid Simulator

Three Independent Test Bays

Overall Electrical Capabilities

Main Test Bay

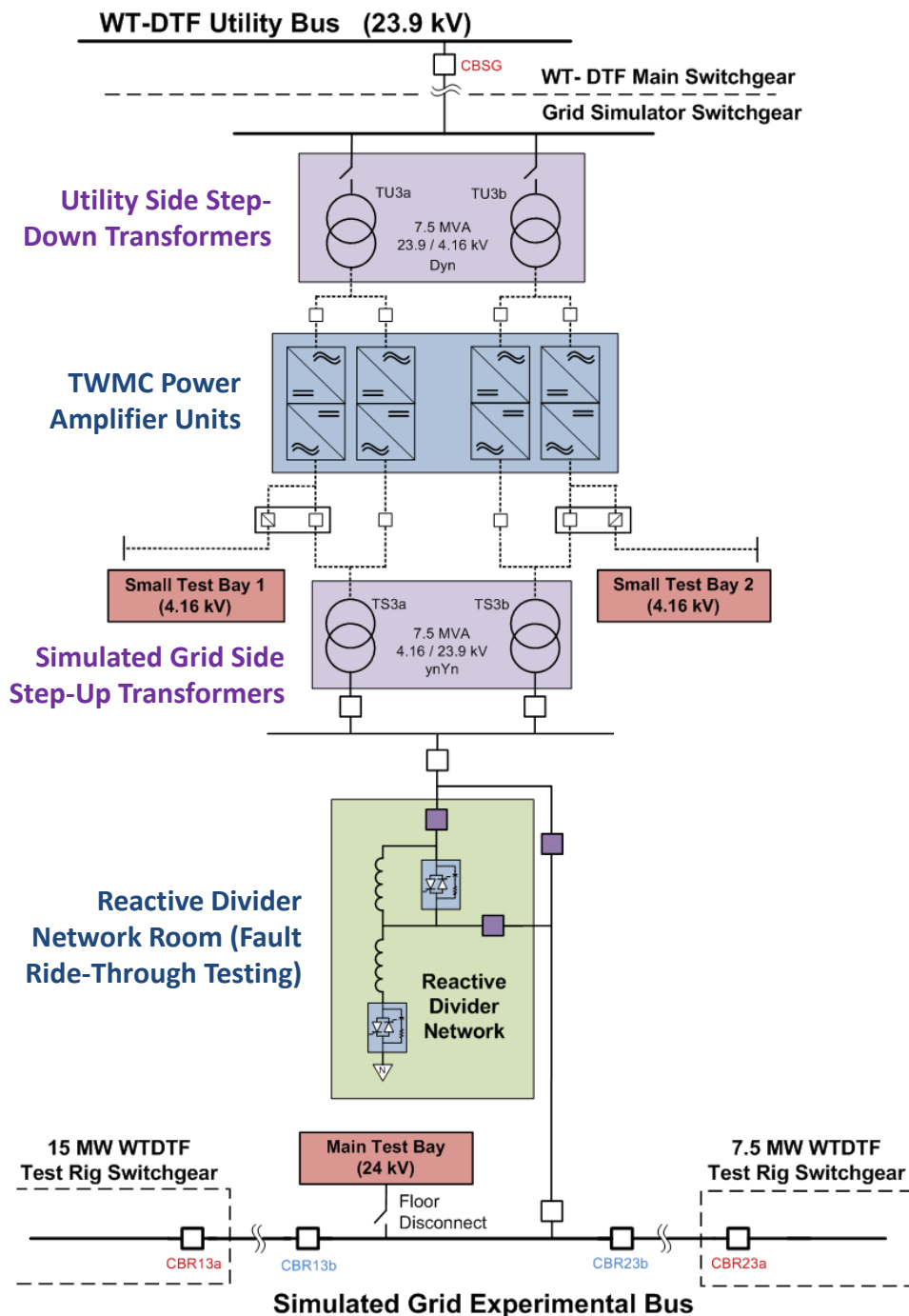
Nominal Voltage	24 kV (50/60 Hz)
Nominal Power	20 MVA
Frequency Range	45 to 65 Hz
Sequence Capabilities	3 and 4 wire operation
Overvoltage capabilities	133% Continuous Overvoltage
Fault Simulation	Yes (includes Reactive Divider)
Hardware-In-the-Loop	Yes

Small Test Bay 1

Nominal Voltage	4160 V (50/60 Hz)
Nominal Power	5 MVA (4 MW @ 0.8 PF)
Frequency Range	0 to 800 Hz
Sequence Capabilities	3 and 4 wire operation
Overvoltage capabilities	133% Continuous Overvoltage
Fault Simulation	Limited to Converter Only
Hardware-In-the-Loop	Yes

Small Test Bay 2

Nominal Voltage	4160 V (50/60 Hz)
Nominal Power	5 MVA (4 MW @ 0.8 PF)
Frequency Range	0 to 800 Hz
Sequence Capabilities	3 and 4 wire operation
Overvoltage capabilities	133% Continuous Overvoltage
Fault Simulation	Limited to Converter Only
Hardware-In-the-Loop	Yes



TWMC Power Amplifier Units



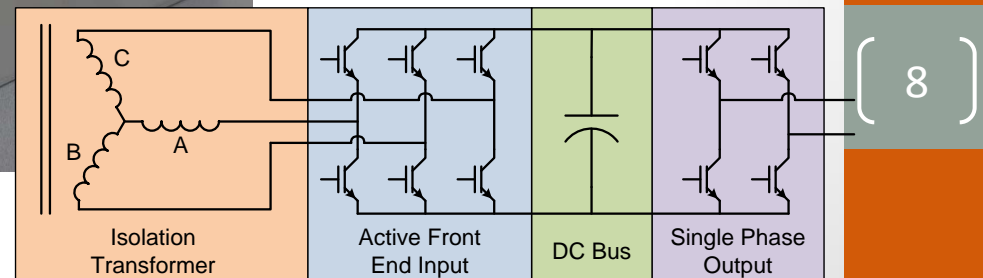
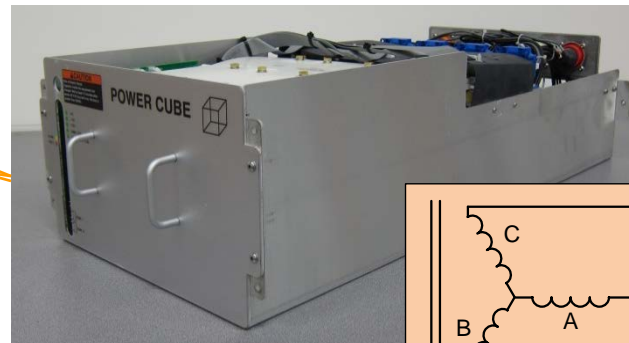
4 Power Amplifier Units (PAUs)



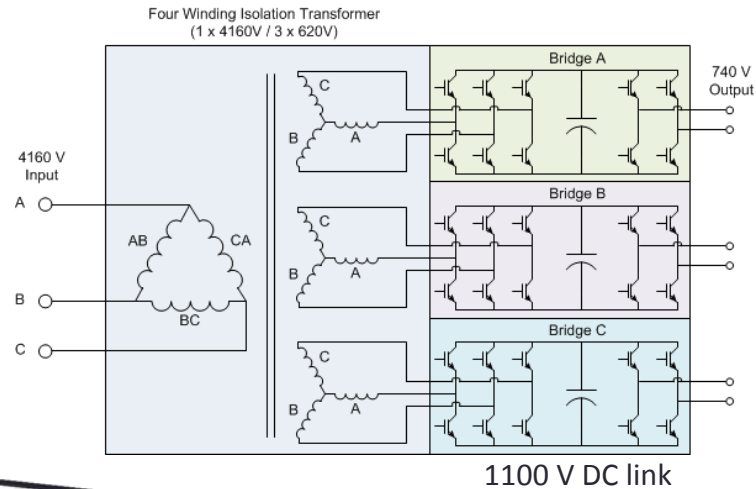
8 Slices Per PAU



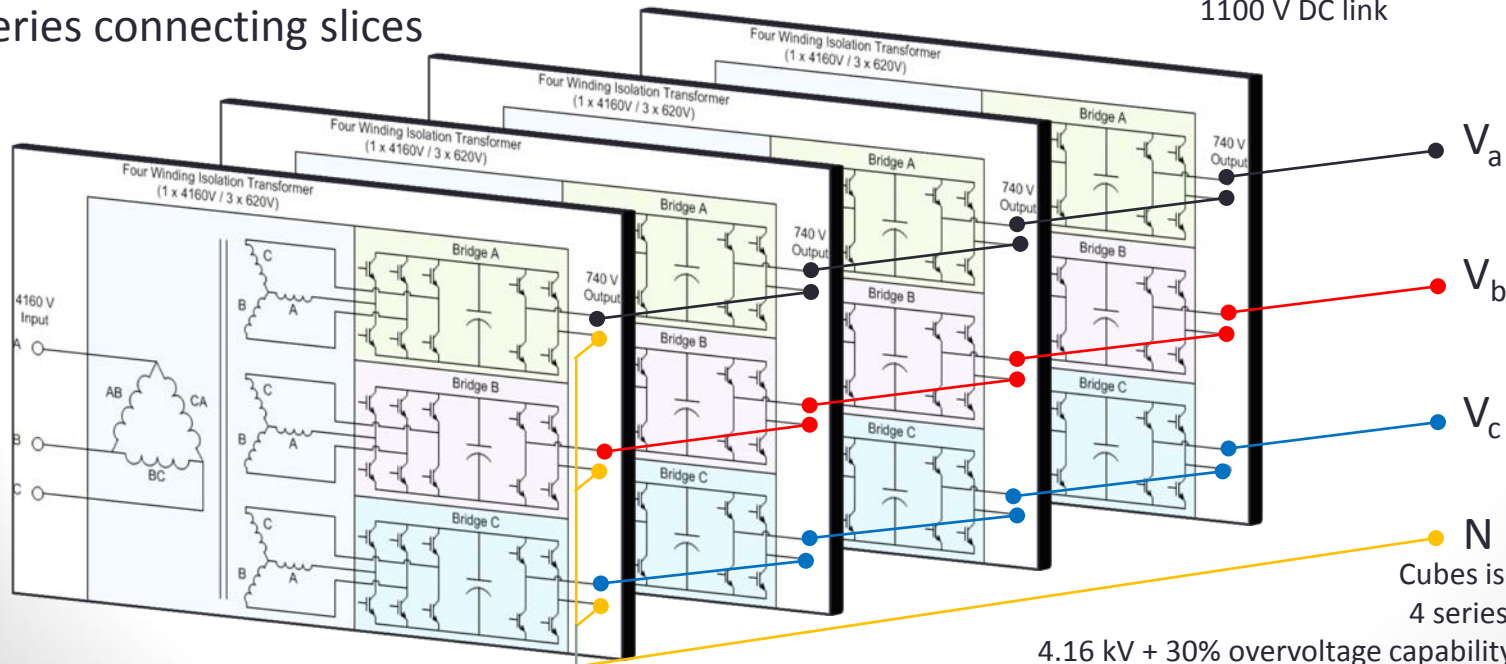
3 Cubes Per Slice



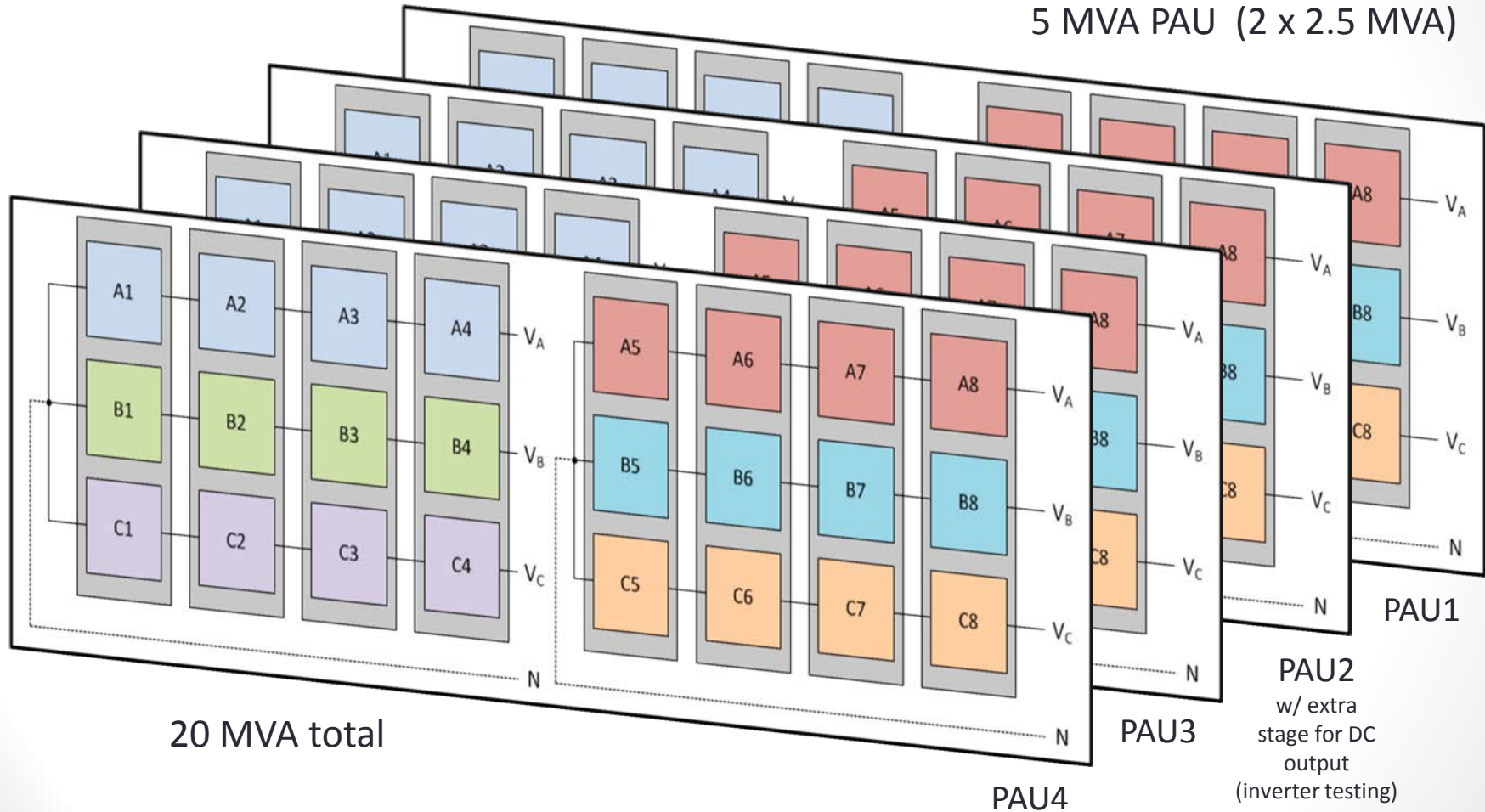
TWMC Power Amplifier Units



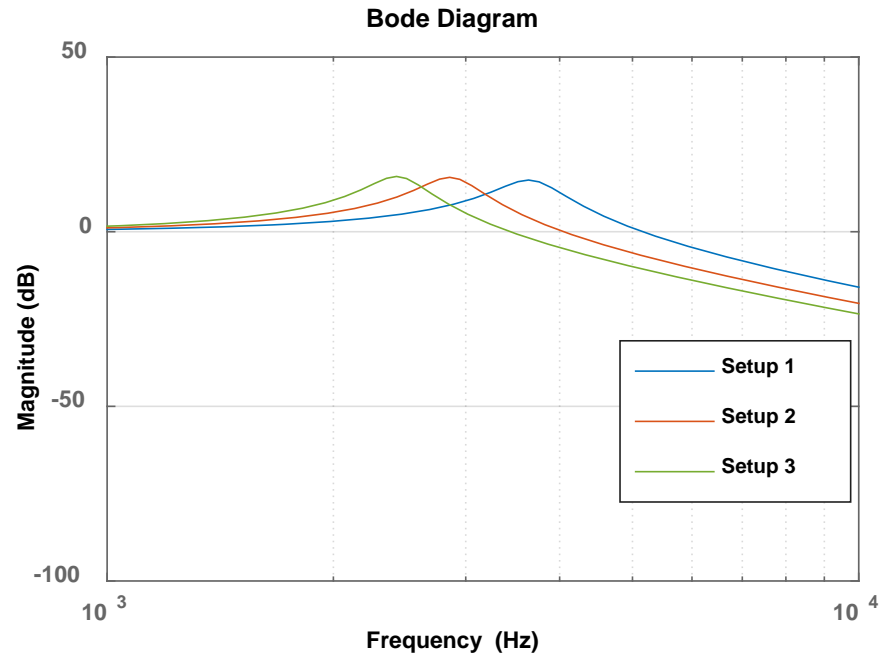
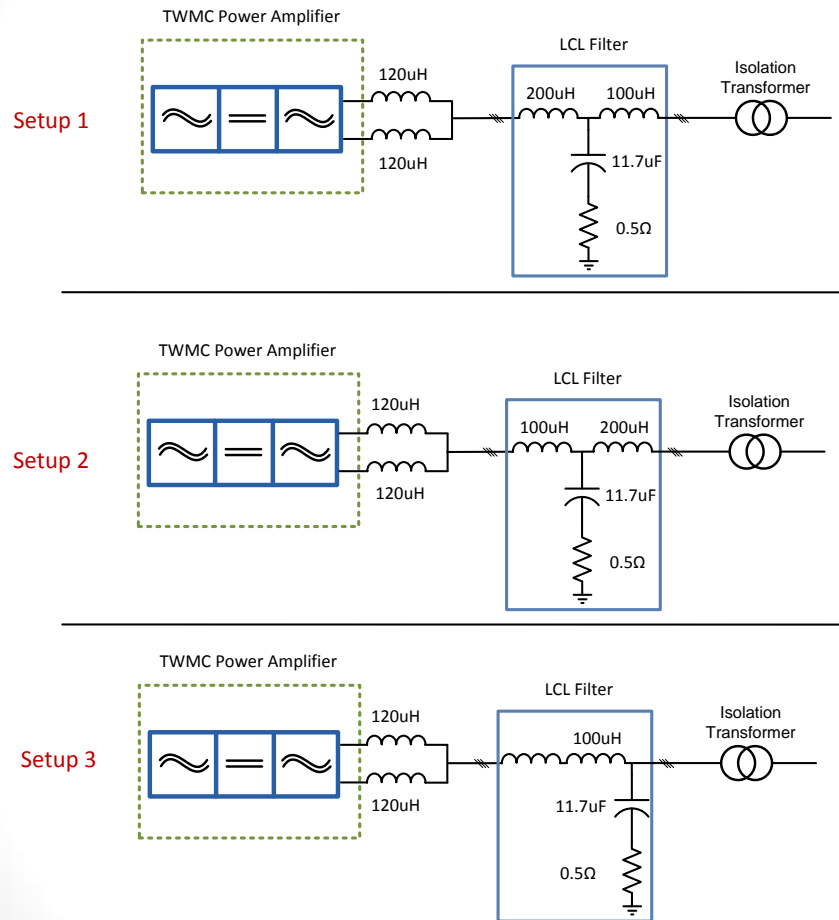
Series connecting slices



TWMC Power Amplifier Units



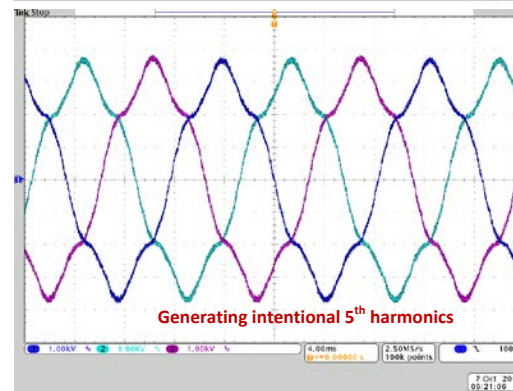
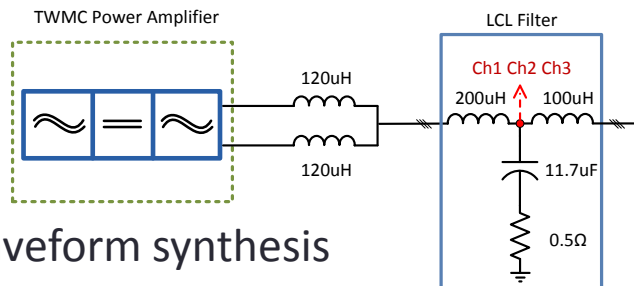
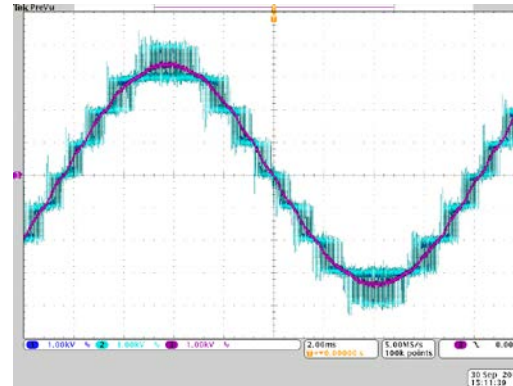
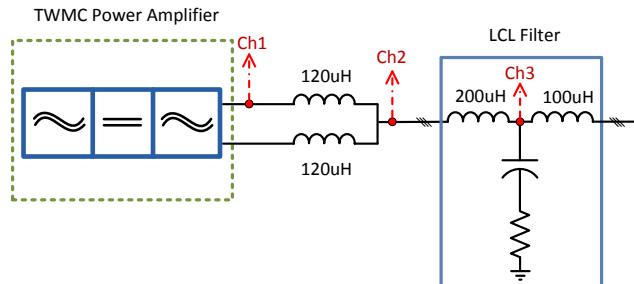
Reconfigurable PAU Filter



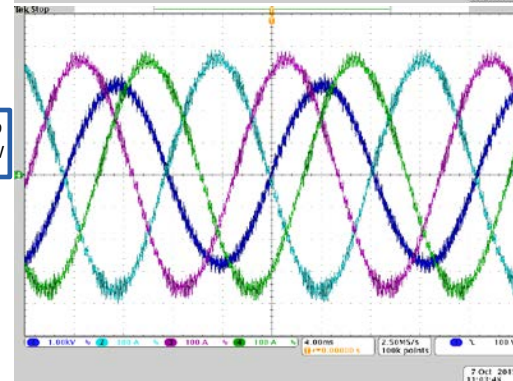
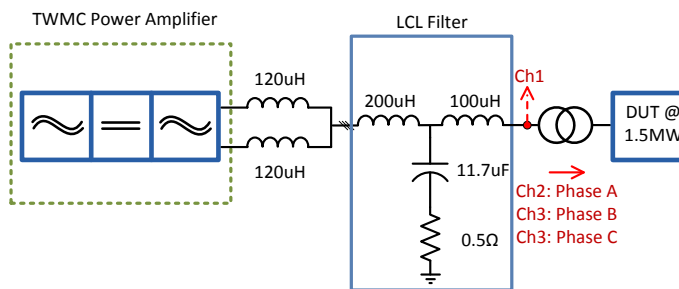
Zero-sequence carried through to DUT

- Wye filter
- (3)Single-phase step-up transformers

PAU Filter Scope Captures

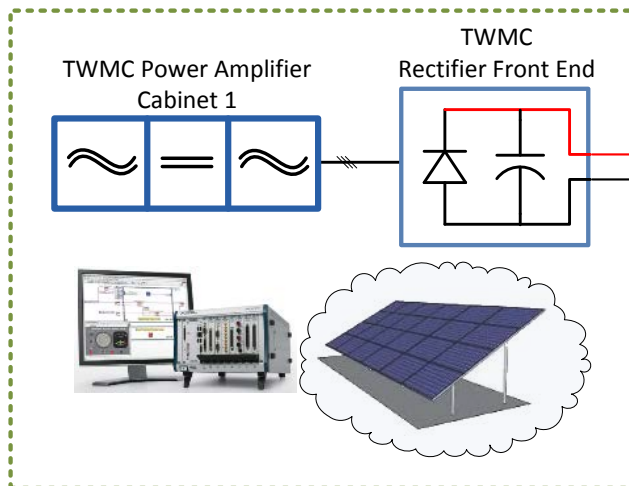


Waveform synthesis

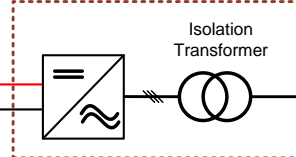


PAU Retrofit for 2.5 MW DC Supply

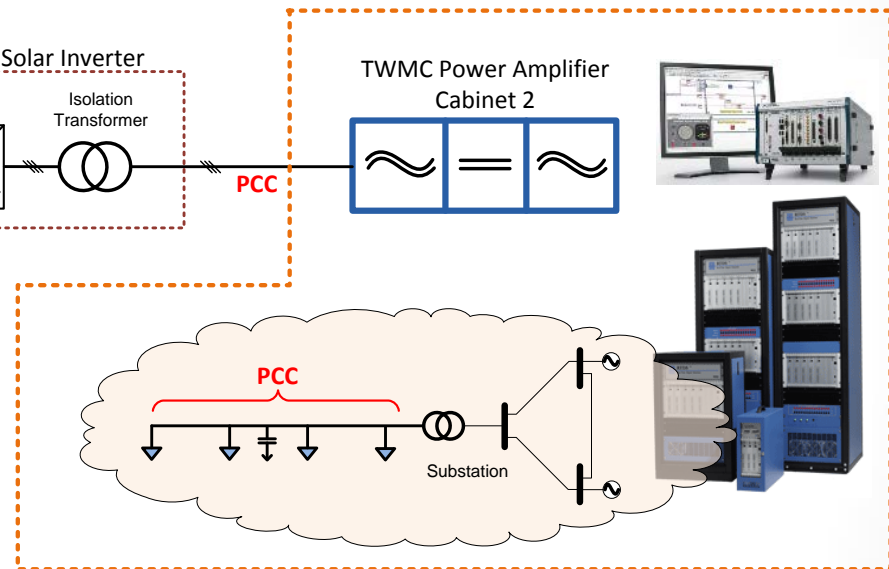
PV Array Simulator



Smart Solar Inverter

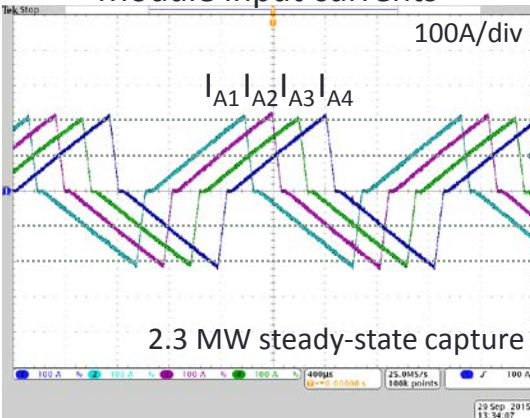


Grid Simulator

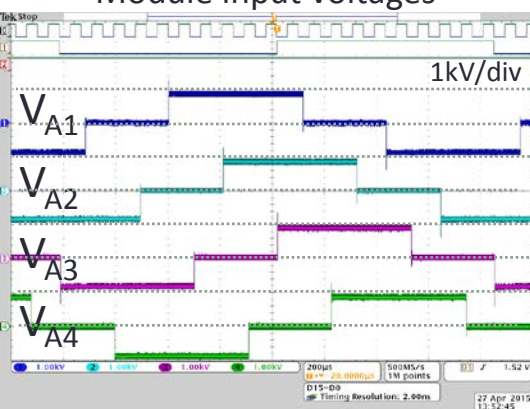


DC Supply Output Stage

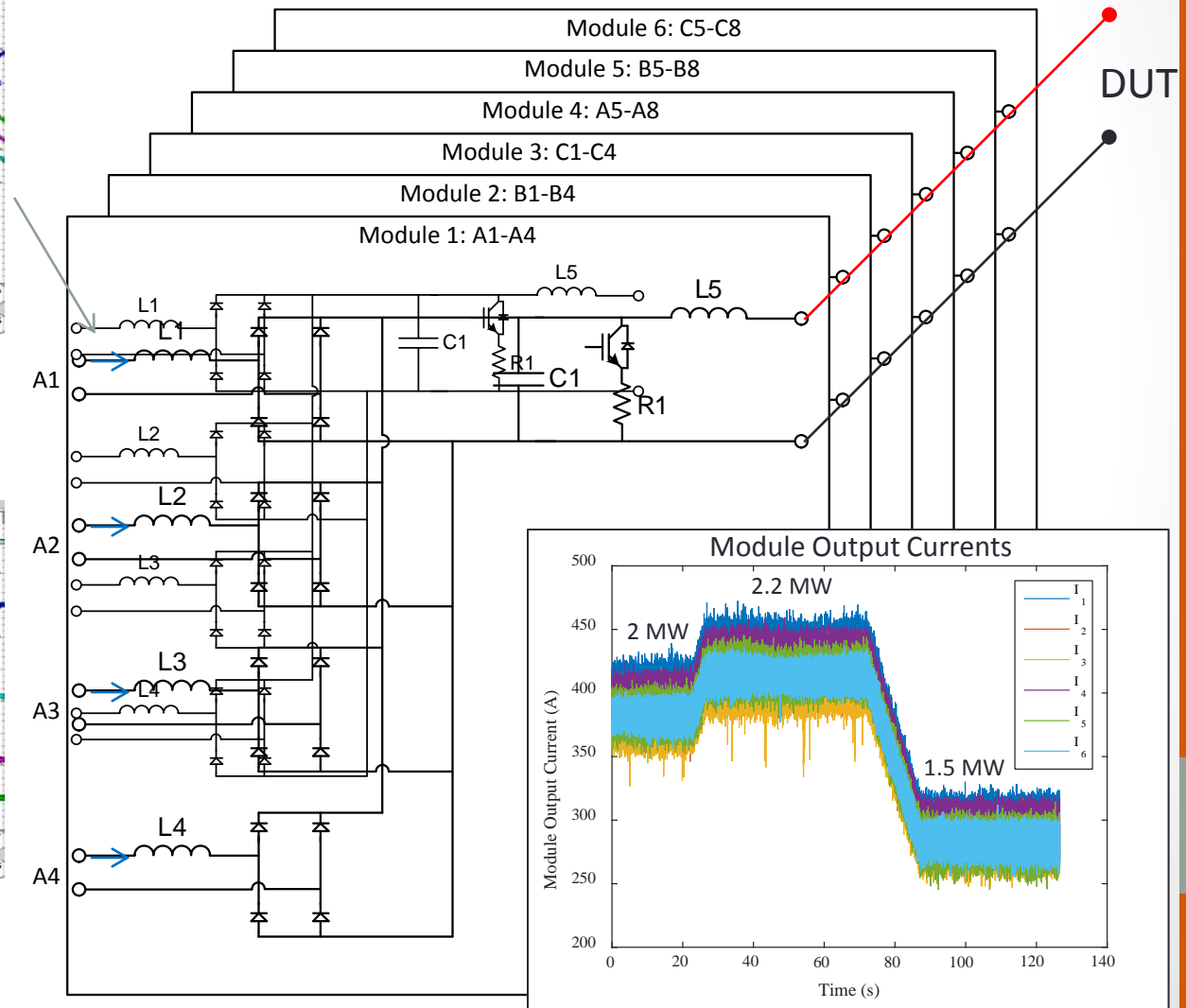
Module input currents



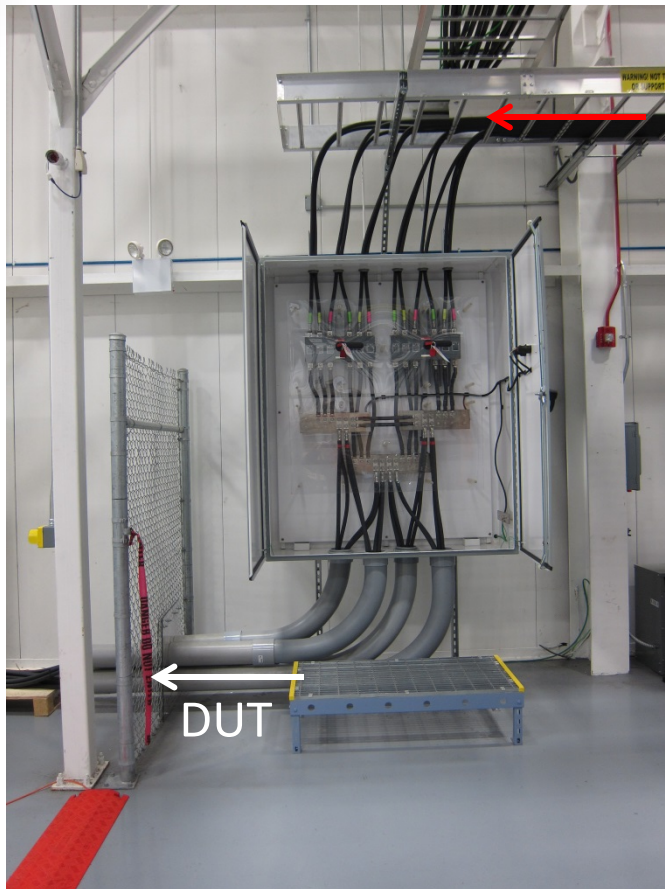
Module input voltages



Interleaved PWM from phase-shifted PAU carriers



DC Supply Output Stage



DC output interconnection
enclosure parallels 6 cabinets

DC lock-out switches

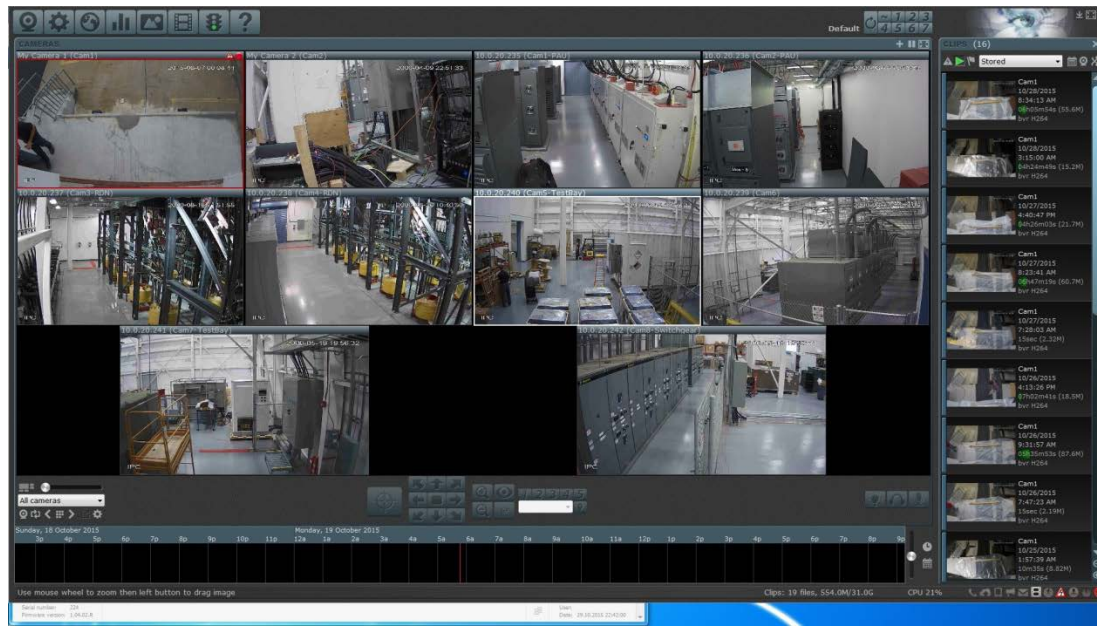
DC modules

Operations



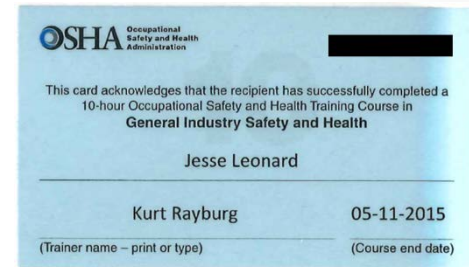
The screenshot displays the 'eGRID Overview One-Line' diagram within a web browser. The diagram illustrates a power distribution system starting from a 525kV bus at the top left, which feeds into a 230kV Main Bus through a transformer. This main bus is connected to several 230kV feeders, each with a circuit breaker and a recloser. These feeders then branch out into various 230kV and 138kV buses, which are further connected to 138kV and 13.8kV feeders. The diagram includes numerous components such as transformers, breakers, reclosers, and buses, each with associated technical specifications. A status bar at the bottom indicates the last update was on 11/16/2015 at 5:17:05 AM.

- Two way radio communication required in the test bay
- Multiple facility IP cameras
 - DUT visibility
 - Test equipment visibility
 - Switchgear visibility during actuation
- Remote switchgear control
 - Reduce arc flash hazard



Operations – Safety

- Full time site safety coordinator
- Implemented contractor safety program
- Employee Training Programs
 - OSHA 10-hour class
 - Personal Protective Equipment
 - Electrical Safety
 - Arc Flash Hazard Analysis (NFPA 70E)
 - Fall Protection
 - Fork lift and areal lift
 - First Aid, CPR, AED
 - Hazardous Waste
 - Spill Prevention and Cleanup



eGRID SCADA System

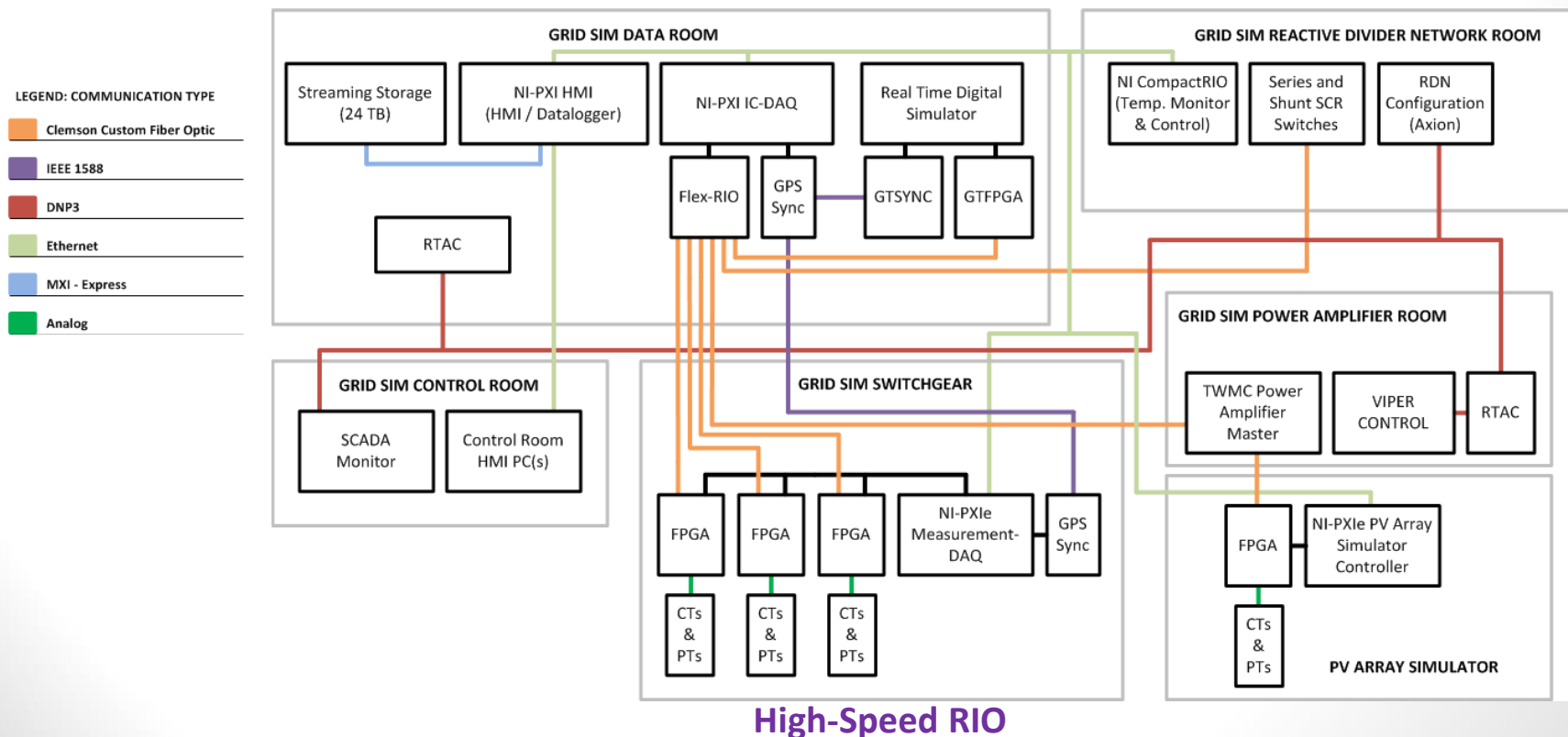
- Detailed specifications developed through coordinated efforts between:

**Savannah River
National Laboratory**

**Clemson
University**

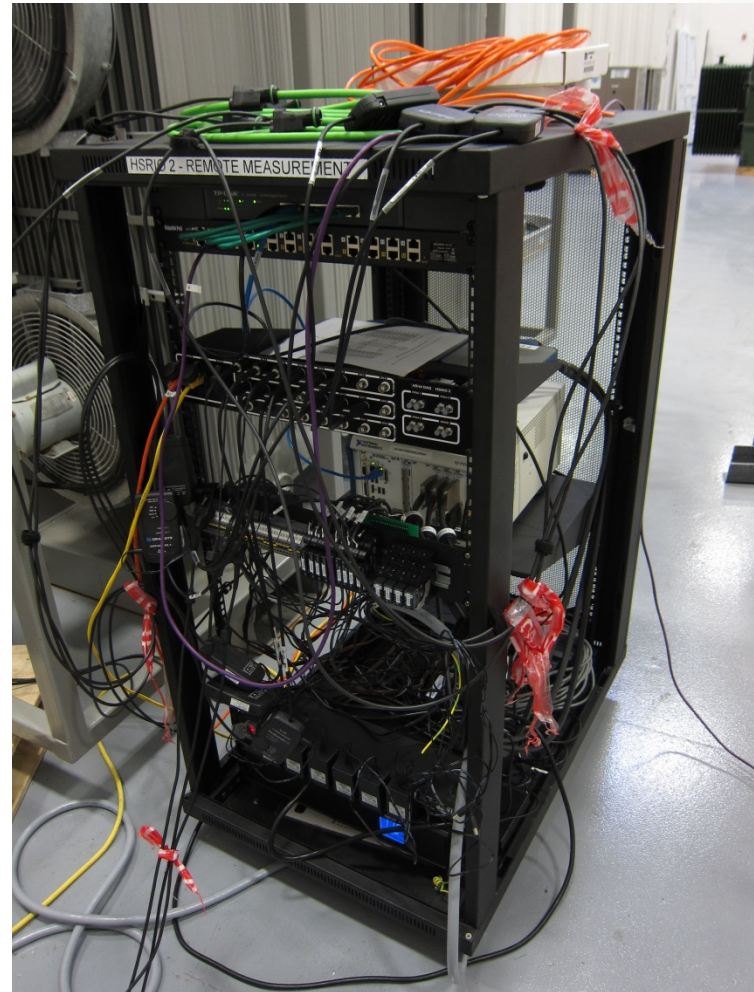
**National
Instruments**

- Significant amount of hardware and software shared with the WTDTF systems
- Provides a powerful and flexible platform for the development of custom control systems to meet the various grid integration evaluation scenarios



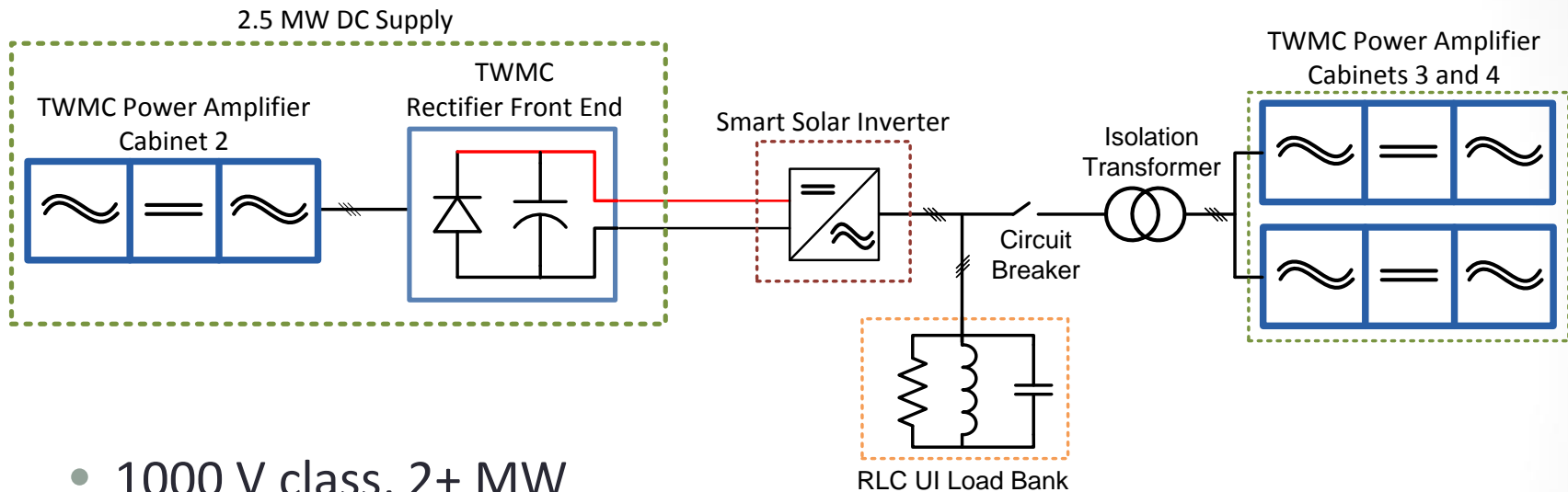
High-speed RIO 2 & 3 Remote I/O

- NI PXI w/ NI-7842r FPGA cards
 - ISO 17025 calibrated
- 24 analog inputs
- Time sync on IEEE 1588 network
- Control network extender
 - PoE for IP cameras
 - DUT communications
 - Web interfaced oscilloscope
 - Web interfaced power analyzer
- Buffered 24 Vdc, 120 Vac I/O
 - Breaker coil actuation
 - Breaker status feedback



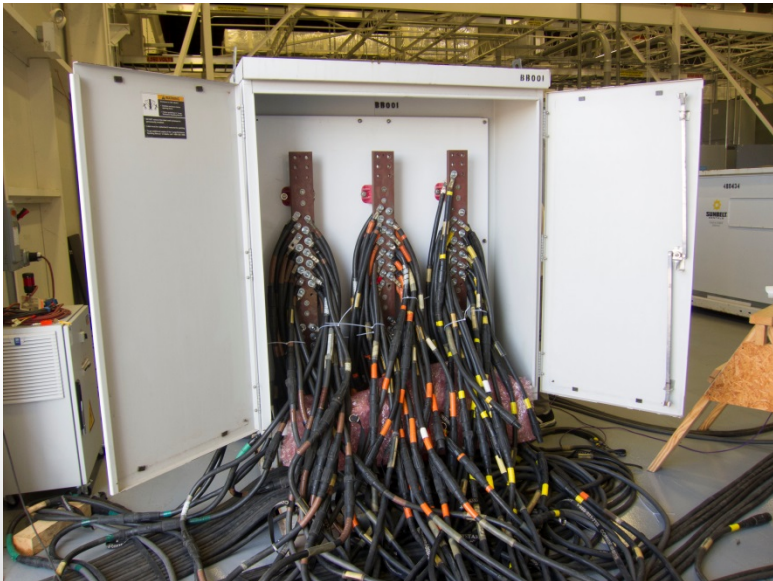
24 Channel NI PXI Data Acquisition Cart

2+ MW Solar Inverter Testing

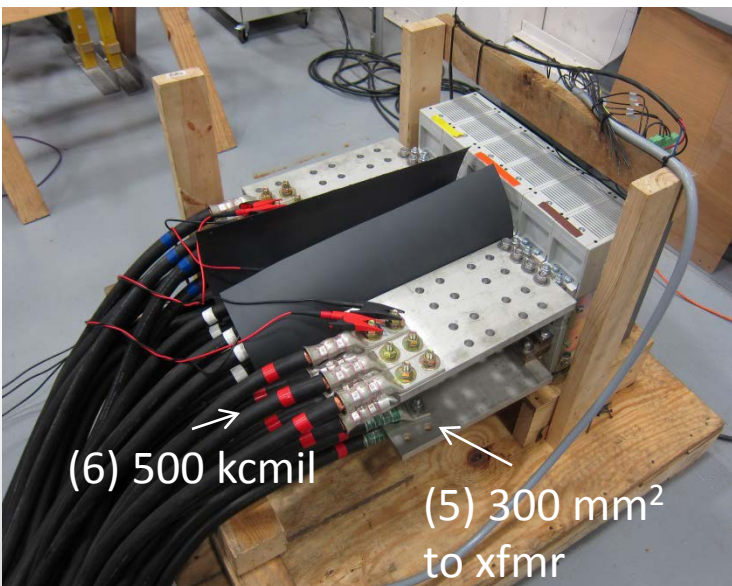
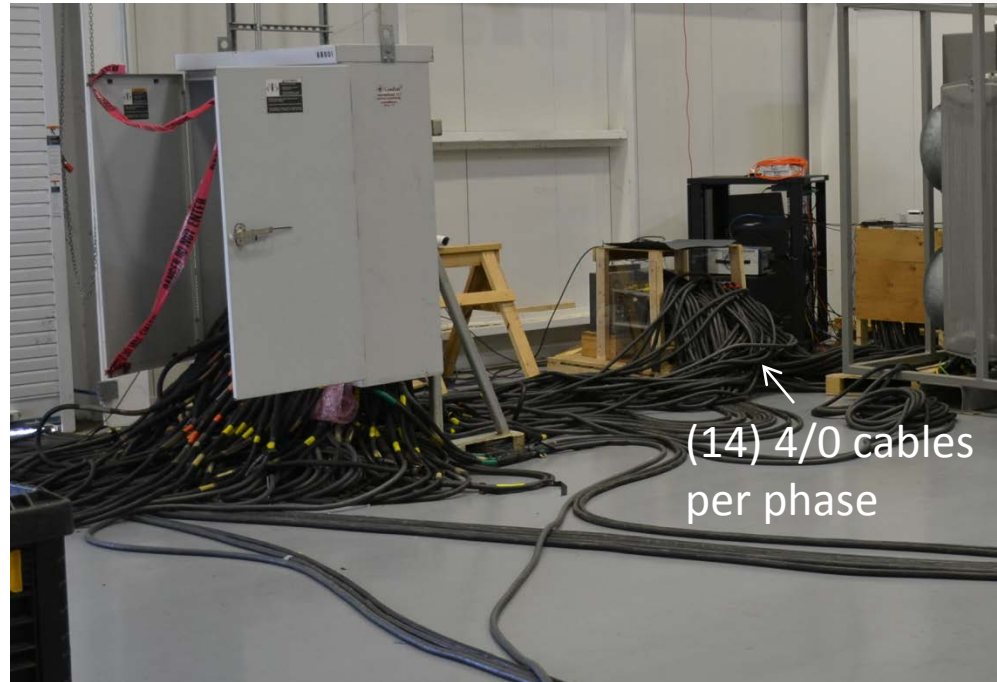
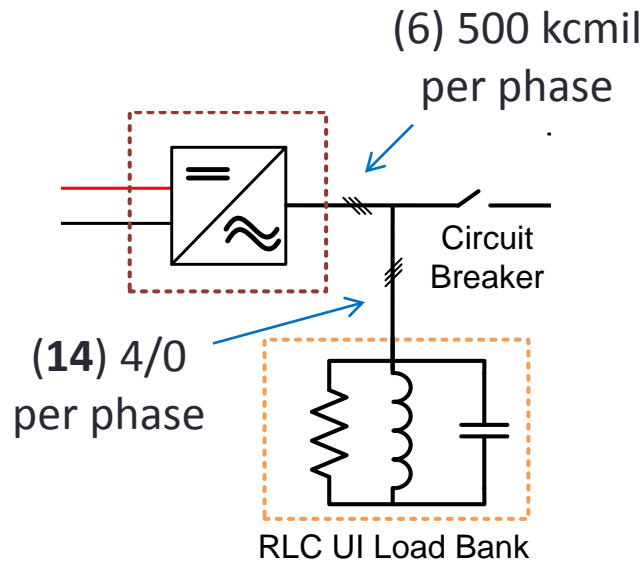


- 1000 V class, 2+ MW
- 385V delta w/ MVT to 4160 test bus
- UL 1741/IEEE 1547 @ 60Hz
- IEC 62116 @ 50 Hz
- Frequency ride-through
- Voltage ride-through

2.5 MW R, 2.5 MVAR L, 2.5 MVAR C

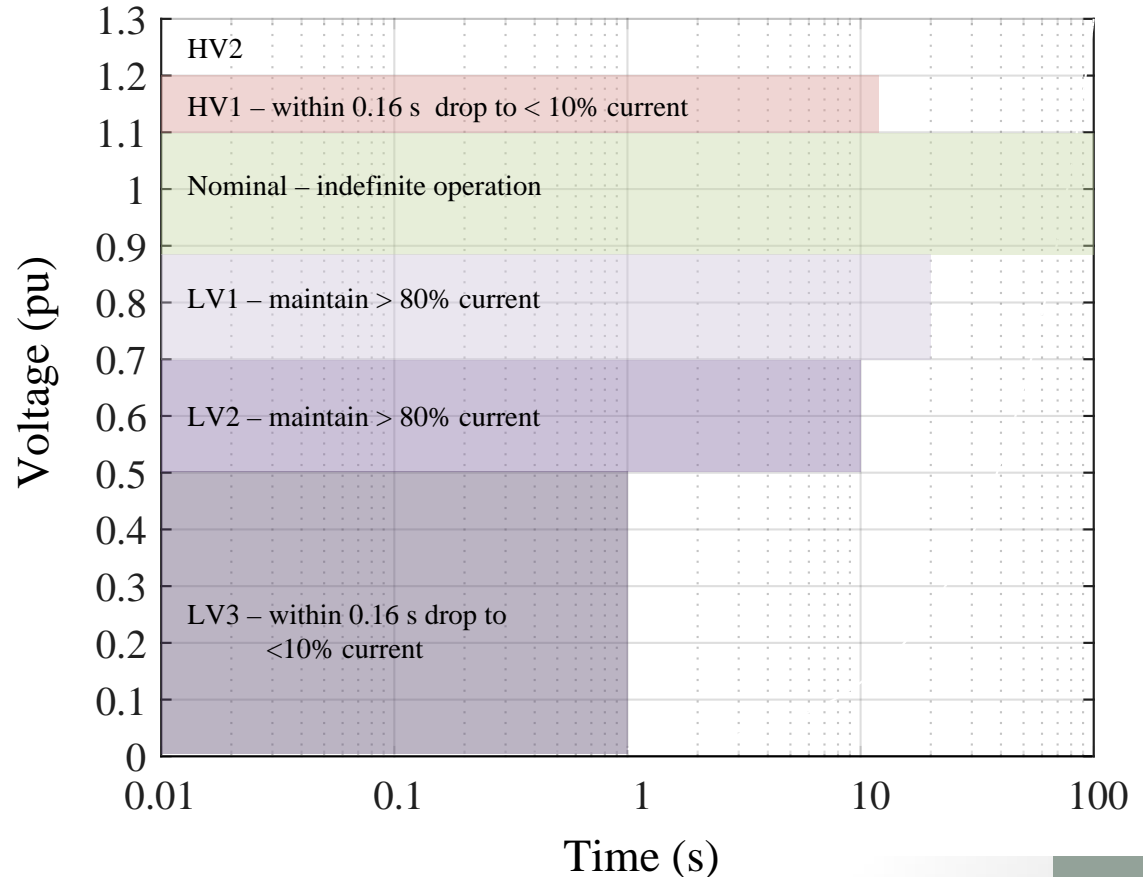


3300 A Three-way Breaker Connection



California Rule 21 Experience

- $HV1^+ \rightarrow NN^- \rightarrow LV1$
 - Ramp of 120 ms allowed
- $LV1^- \rightarrow NN^+ \rightarrow HV1?$
 - Ramp of 200 ms allowed
- $LV2^- \rightarrow NN^+ \rightarrow HV1?$
 - Ramp of 100 ms allowed
- $LV3^- \rightarrow NN^+ \rightarrow HV1?$
 - Must ramp in 1 cycle in both directions

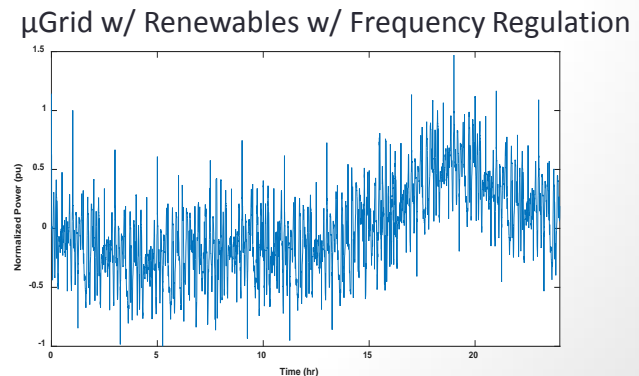
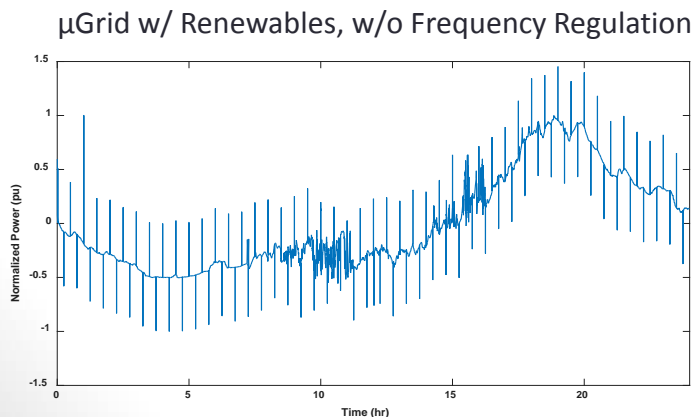
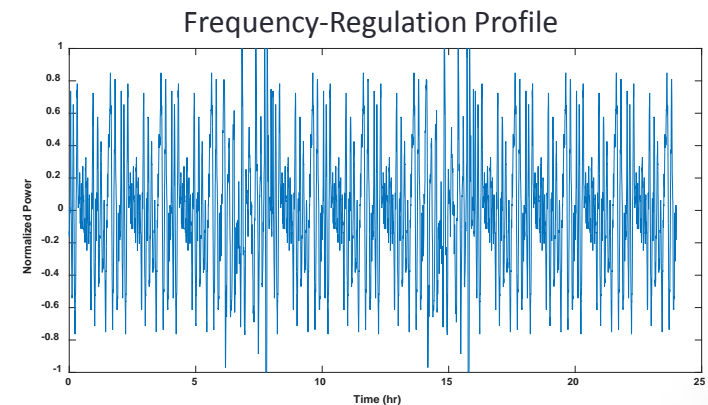
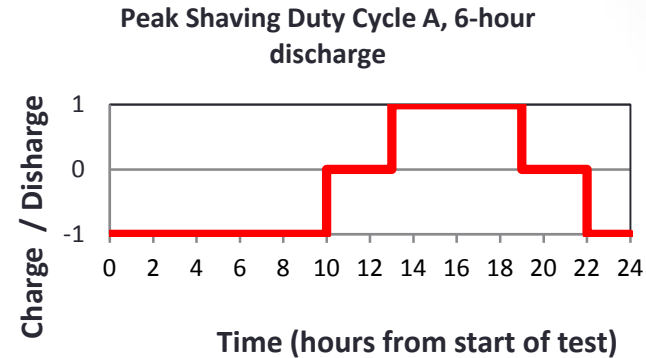


Battery Energy Storage Testing

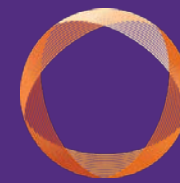


BESS Test Plan

- Voltage ride-through
- Frequency ride-through
- Ramp rate control
- Frequency/watt, Volt/var
- DOE Protocol for Uniformly Measuring and Expressing the Performance of Energy Storage Systems
- Other system specific tests

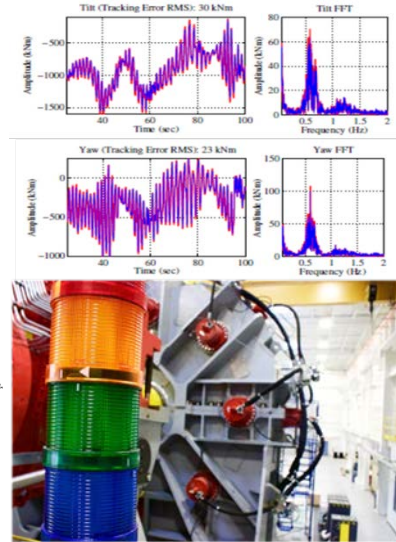
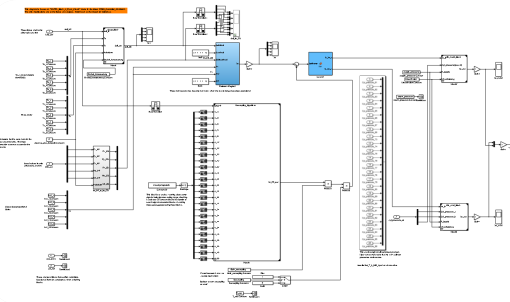


Simulation and Analysis Projects

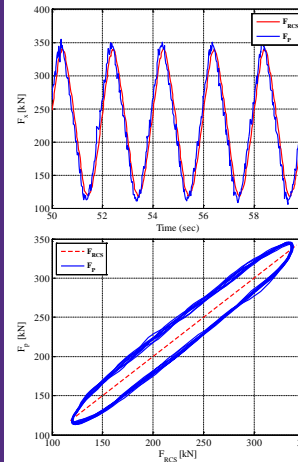


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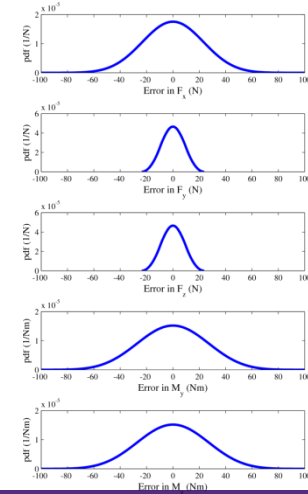
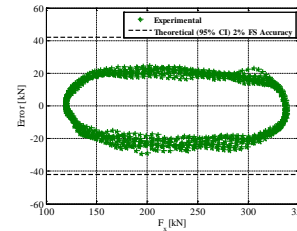
Re-design **LAU Controller** for improved Test Bench **dynamic performance**.



Accuracy evaluation and Uncertainty Analysis of LAU performance



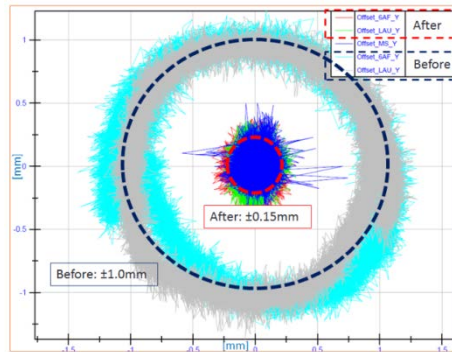
$$\text{Var}(Y_i) = \mathbb{E} \left[\sum_{j=1}^{24} c_{ij}^2 \mathcal{WN}_j^2 + \sum_{j=1}^{24} c_{ij}^2 \mathcal{U}_j^2 + 2 \sum_{j,k;j < k} c_{ij} \mathcal{WN}_j c_{ik} \mathcal{WN}_k + 2 \sum_{j,k;j < k} c_{ij} \mathcal{U}_j c_{ik} \mathcal{U}_k + 2 \sum_{j=1}^{24} \sum_{k=1}^{24} c_{ij} \mathcal{WN}_j c_{ik} \mathcal{U}_k \right]$$



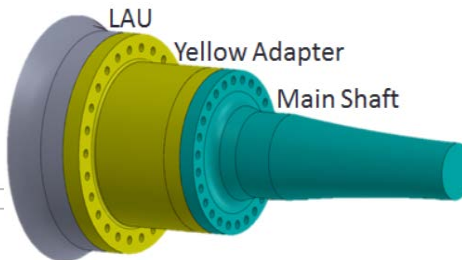
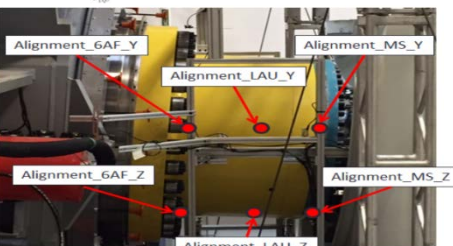
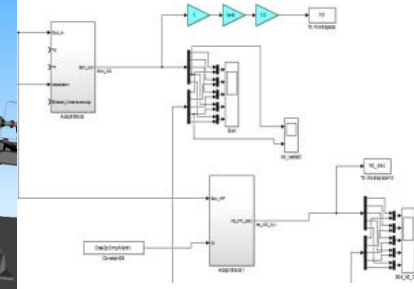
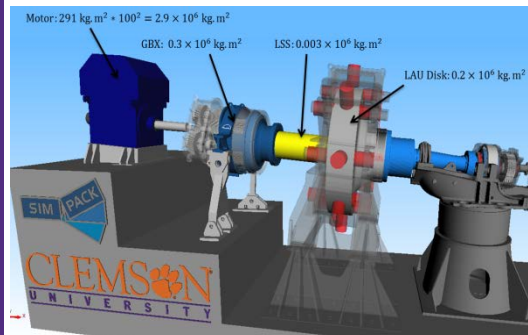
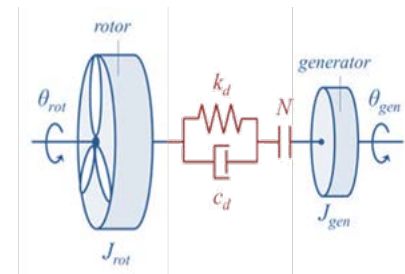
Developing a procedure for Main shaft-to-LAU **alignment** within **0.1 mm** accuracy.

Test Bench Shaft-Misalignment

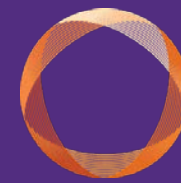
Assume: 1) The Disk is brought to a position where its shaft is unloaded.
2) The Disk is rotated and the displacement is noted. The disk is essentially fixed.
3) After rotation, the LAU will find the forces in y-z.



Rotor Inertia **Compensation** through Motor drive controller (on-going).



Recent Drivetrain Testing Activity



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- 7.5 MW rig has been in regular operation since commissioning
- 15 MW rig is scheduled to be commissioned in November 2015

2014

Commissioning 7.5 MW: October 2014

Test Campaign 1: Completed November 2014

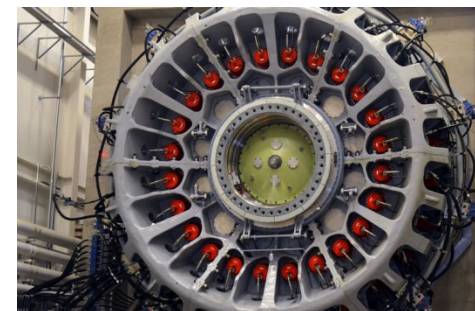
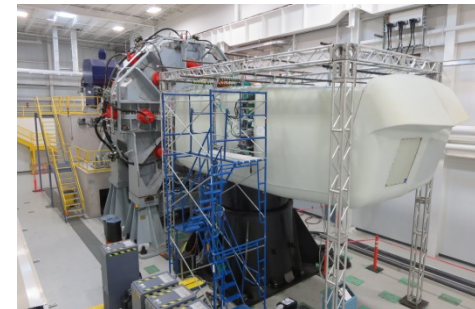
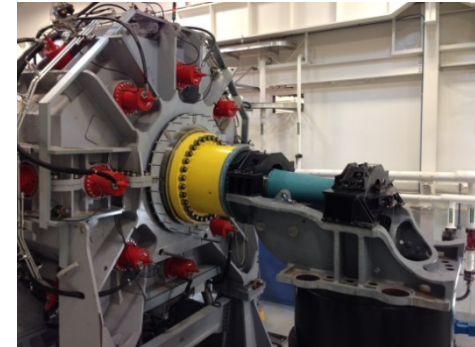
Test Campaign 2: Completed December 2014

Internal Test Campaign: February 2015

2015

Test Campaign 3: Completed November 2015

Commissioning 15 MW: November 2015





Thank you