





# **Frequency Scans for GFM Performance Verification**

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2023 IEEE PES General Meeting, Orlando, FL 16-20 July 2023

## An island experiment at NREL



Battery Energy Storage System (2.2 MVA)



Inverter can operate in both GFM and GFL modes

Tests to determine minimum capability for forming a grid.

SynCon (2 MVA)





Load Bank (3 MW/3 MVA)

## **Essence of a GFM Resource...**



#### Inverter in GFL Mode

#### Step Jump in Load



#### SynCon Tripped



### Inverter in GFM Mode

Loss of Grid

Power (MW)

Active F 50-

0

0.5



## ... is Voltage Source Behavior

0.4

0.6

0.8

1

Time (s)

1.2

1.4

1.6

1.8

2

0.2

0

## **Voltage Source Behavior**

## How to quantify it?

#### • Time-domain

- Reactive power output in response to grid voltage magnitude jump
- Active power output in response to grid voltage phase jump

#### • Frequency-domain

- Transfer function from grid voltage magnitude to reactive power output,  $V_m(s) \rightarrow Q(s)$
- Transfer function from grid voltage phase to active power output  $\theta(s) \rightarrow P(s)$

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• Thevenin impedance, **Z(s)** 

## **Voltage Source with a Reactor**





#### Time-Domain

Reactive power (Q) output in response to
10% drop in grid voltage magnitude (V<sub>m</sub>)



#### Frequency-Domain Transfer function from $V_m$ to Q



Ref.: S. Shah, et. al., "<u>A testing framework for grid-forming resources</u>," 2023 IEEE Power and Energy Society General Meeting, Orlando, FL.



## **Frequency Scan (Power Response)**



Reactive power (Q) output in response to 10% drop in grid voltage magnitude ( $V_m$ )



Problems 1. Performance is dependent on the grid condition 2. Difficult to define performance metrics - timescale

3. Testing might not be possible with a strong grid



 $I_i(s) \mathbf{Y}_o(s)$ 



#### **Frequency-Domain**

Power & Energy Society

Transfer function:  $\mathbf{Q}(s)/\mathbf{V}_{m}(s)$ 

#### Solutions

1. Performance is independent of the grid condition

IEEE

- 2. Performance metrics can be more easily defined – frequencyscale
- 3. Testing can be performed at a desired grid condition



## Pass-Fail Criteria using Frequency Scan

- If in the Q/V frequency scan of an IBR,
  - the magnitude/gain is constant/flat between 4 to 40 Hz, and
  - $\circ~$  the phase is closer to 180 degrees between 4 to 40 Hz,
- Then the IBR is a grid-forming resource
- Else, the IBR is not a grid-forming resource



## **Frequency Scan (Q/V)** Experimental scans at NREL





- SynCon behaves as the best voltage source among all tested resources.
- All GFM IBRs confirm with the expected behavior, but
  - Some GFM IBRs completely pass the test
  - Some GFM IBRs do not pass the test at certain frequencies, indicating poor voltage source behavior
- All GFL IBRs fail the test

## **Frequency Scan (Impedance)** Experimental scans at NREL

#### 60 Magnitude (dB) Magnitude (dB) 50 40 30 20 10 10 Hz 100 Hz 1 kHz 200 150 Phase (deg.) Phase (deg.) 100 50 -50-100⊨\_\_\_\_ 10 Hz 100 Hz 1 kHz

2.2 MVA Battery Inverter



#### 2 MW PV Inverter

#### 2.5 MW Type III Turbine





## **Summary**

Frequency scan testing can characterize the internal voltage source of GFM resources

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- It can complement as well as address problems of time-domain performance testing
- Q/V frequency scan can be used to implement pass/fail criteria for GFM resources
- Efforts are required to develop simple performance metrics for GFM resources based on frequency scans





# **Thank You**

This work was authored by Alliance for Sustainable Energy, LLC, the manager and operator of the National Renewable Energy Laboratory for the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) under Contract No. DE-AC36-08GO28308. Funding provided by U.S. Department of Energy Office of Energy Efficiency and Renewable Energy Wind Energy Technologies Office. The views expressed in the article do not necessarily represent the views of the DOE or the U.S. Government. The U.S. Government retains and the publisher, by accepting the article for publication, acknowledges that the U.S. Government retains a nonexclusive, paid-up, irrevocable, worldwide license to publish or reproduce the published form of this work, or allow others to do so, for U.S. Government purposes.

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NREL/PR-5D00-87061