



U.S. DEPARTMENT OF  
**ENERGY**

Energy Efficiency &  
Renewable Energy

BIOENERGY TECHNOLOGIES OFFICE

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DOE Bioenergy Technologies Office (BETO)  
2023 Project Peer Review

# Application of Machine Learning to Improve Biobased Glucaric Acid Production

April 5, 2023

Technology Area Session: Agile BioFoundry

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NREL/PR-2800-85693

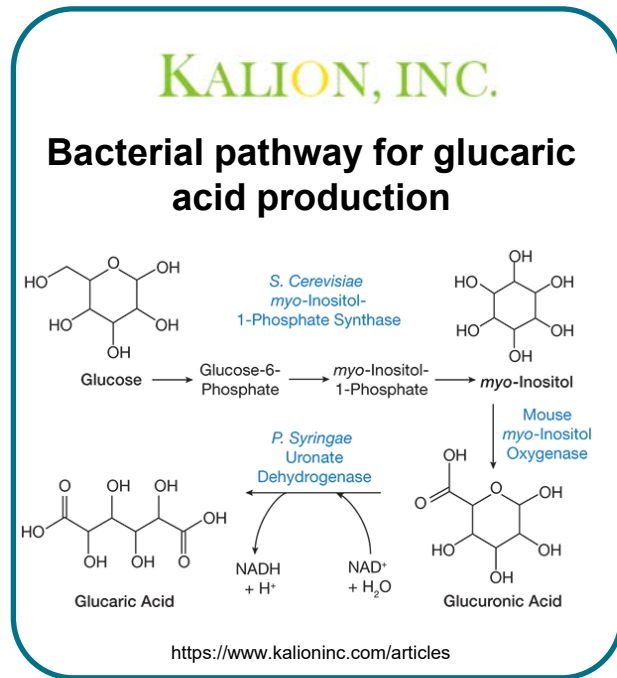


# Project overview

**Kalion, Inc.** produces and delivers high-purity **glucaric acid** to companies to discover the potential of this chemical for industrial, materials, and pharmaceuticals markets.

- **Project Goal:** Apply machine learning in conjunction with high-throughput cultivations and metabolomics to understand and overcome two challenges:

- **Improve glucaric acid productivity.** The rate of production slows considerably after 48 hours, which limits the overall productivity that can be achieved in the process.
- **Decrease glucaric acid production costs.** Components from complex media are necessary to achieve robust production. Thus, identifying the specific components that generate that improvement can lead to a simplified and less costly medium formulation.



# Approach for project

Conduct cultivations in bioreactors under different conditions, analyze metabolites via metabolomics, and use machine learning approaches to:

- Identify correlations between specific metabolites and glucaric acid production rate
- Define successive rounds of media simplification to drive down costs

## Challenges

- Scaling down the cultivations to 2 mL-bioreactors for media screening could limit productivity and product profile resolution
- Limited number of experimental campaigns may limit the power of machine learning



Microbial cultivations  
Analytics



Metabolomics



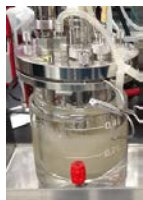
Propose media  
compositions



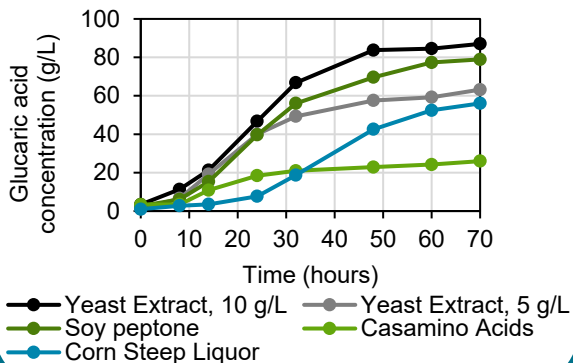
Analyze growth kinetics and  
genetic modifications

# Progress and outcomes

## Glucaric acid production evaluated in different rich media



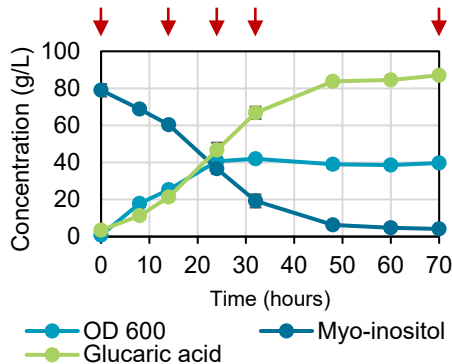
Evaluation in 0.5 L bioreactors



## Metabolomics and metal analysis during cultivations



93 identified metabolites + unidentifiable 99 peaks detected



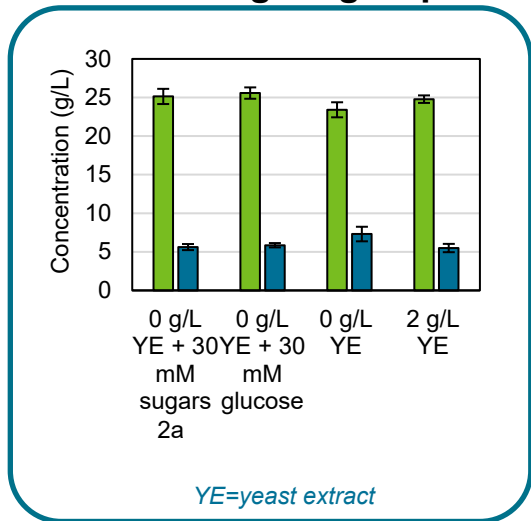
## Abundance of 14 metabolites significantly decreased during the cultivation

Group	Compound
1	Glycerol-3-phosphate
	Glucose-6-phosphate
2a	<b>D-mannose</b>
	<b>Trehalose</b>
	<b>D-sorbitol</b>
2b	Isomaltose
	1,3,5-pentanetriol
3	Tyrosol
	Tyramine
4a	Succinic acid
	2-keto-gluconic acid
	Glyceric acid
4b	2,3-dihydroxy-2-methylbutanoic acid
	2,3-dihydroxy-2-methylpropionic acid

- 14 metabolites from rich media were identified to be potentially the cause for performance differences
- Sugars were the main metabolites that significantly decreased during the bacterial cultivation

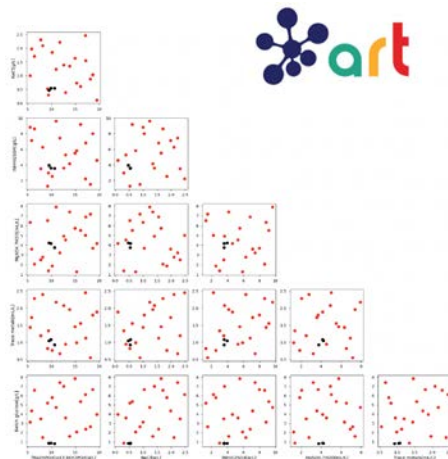
# Progress and outcomes

The titer was improved only with the sugars group 2a



A training set was generated for a learn-friendly experimental campaign to enable training of machine learning models with predictive capability

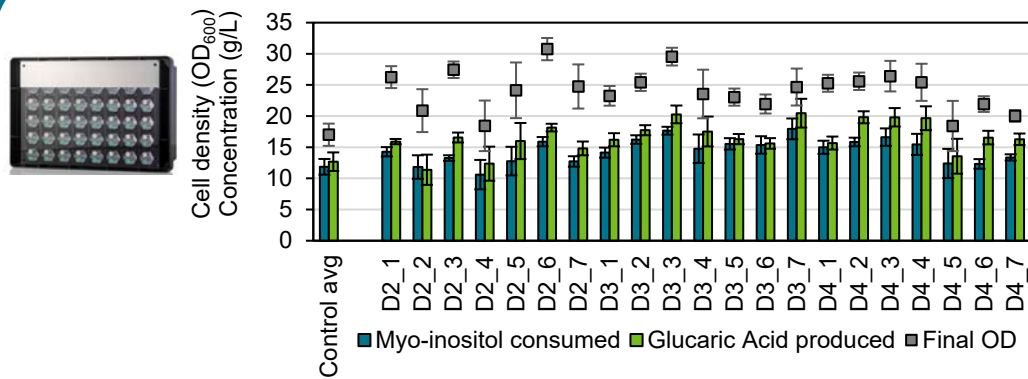
Components	Starting concentrations	Range to Test
$\text{Na}_2\text{HPO}_4$	7.0 g/L : 3.0	5– 20
$\text{KH}_2\text{PO}_4$	g/L	g/L
NaCl	0.5	0.1 – 2.5
	g/L	g/L
$(\text{NH}_4)_2\text{SO}_4$	3.7	1 – 10
	g/L	g/L
$\text{MgSO}_4 \cdot 7\text{H}_2\text{O}$	4.0	1 – 8
	mL/L	mL/L
Trace metals solution	1.0	0.5 – 2.5
	mL/L	mL/L
<b>Batch glucose</b>	<b>0.8</b>	<b>0.8 – 8</b>
	<b>g/L</b>	<b>g/L</b>



- Supplemental sugars enhance the overall performance, but the improvement is not sugar specific
- Glucose was selected as carbon source for further bioprocess optimization through ART
- The concentration of base media components was also evaluated to test effects on bacterial performance

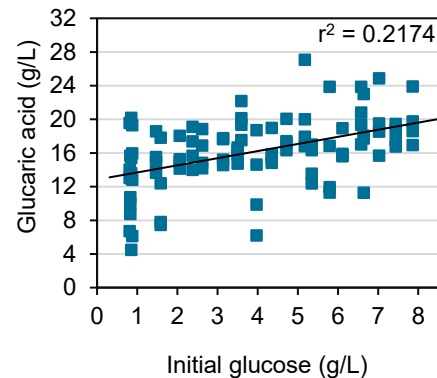
# Progress and outcomes

Performance in 24 media compositions was assessed via final glucaric acid titer



High-through put bioreactor cultivations generate significant variability, which is not desirable as machine learning input. Optimized microfluidic plates are currently being tested for decreased intra-plate variability

Regression analyses were conducted between glucaric acid titer and initial metabolite concentration



- Glucose concentration showed the strongest correlation with glucaric acid titer
- Glucose concentration during the cultivation can be optimized to improve bacterial performance

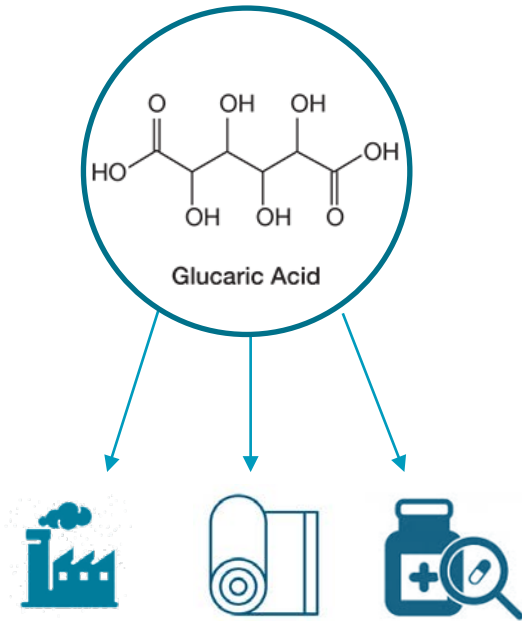
# Impact

## Scientific

- Production of biobased glucaric acid and suggestions for production improvement

## Industry

- Working with Kalion Inc and partners to improve production process technologies
- Advance infrastructure and workflows (for machine learning in conjunction with high-throughput culturing and metabolomics) to improve more rapid and comprehensive analyses



# Summary

## Overview

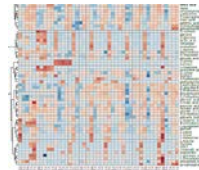
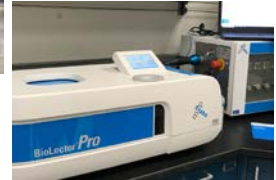
- Enhancing glucaric acid productivity and reducing media costs are necessary to improve process economics

## Approach

- Identify metabolites from rich media that improve performance using metabolomics, high throughput cultivations in bioreactors, and machine learning-friendly experimental designs

## Progress and outcomes

- The substrate feeding strategy is the potential major driver to enhance bacterial performance





# Quad chart overview

## Timeline

- Project Start: 3/1/2021
- Project End: 2/28/2023

	FY22 costed	Total Award (FY21-23)
<b>DOE Funding</b>	\$255,000 ANL – \$40,000 LBNL – \$65,000 NREL – \$75,000 PNNL – \$75,000	\$425,000 ANL – \$110,000 LBNL – \$75,000 NREL – \$130,000 PNNL – \$110,000
<b>Cost Share (Kalion)</b>	\$64,000	\$107,000

## Project Partners

ABF Labs: ANL, LBNL, NREL, PNNL

Industry Partner: Kalion, Inc.

## Project Goal

Apply machine learning in conjunction with high-throughput cultivations and metabolomics to improve glucaric acid productivity and decrease production costs.

## End of Project Milestone

Based on ART results, report the new media composition without yeast extract that confers a glucaric acid production at least 80% of the one obtained when using media supplemented with 5g/L yeast extract.

## Funding Mechanism

FY20 ABF Directed Funding Opportunity

TRL at Project Start: 2

TRL at Project End: 3

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DOE Technology Manager: Gayle Bentley

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