

Paradigm Shift: Black Start from Inverter-Based Resources -IBR-driven power system black start

Gab-Su Seo, Ph.D. Senior Engineer, National Renewable Energy Lab. NARUC Innovation Webinar, Feb. 24, 2022

Motivation – Grid is Transforming!

- Why are IBRs being considered for Black Start?
- Level of IBRs skyrocketing. A must?
 - IBRs LCOE getting better
 - Replacing conventional generators (SGs) (foundation of legacy grid)
- Improve *resilience*?
 - Survivability from Distributed gen.
- Increasing Interest in industry
 - IBR black start cost effective?
 - Limited understanding

*SG: Synchronous Generator *IBR: Inverter-Based Resources *LCOE: Levelized Cost of Energy



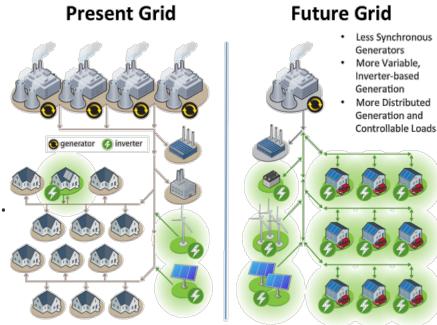


Image source: NREL

Fig.1. Future grid with high level of renewables.

Machine vs. Inverter—Fundamentally Different

What are the Fundamental Differences between SG and Inverter?

		Machine (SG)	Inverter	
	Source	Controllable	Uncontrollable (storage needed)	+ -
	Dynamics	Slow, large inertia	Fast, inertia-less	
	Short Circuit	6-10 pu covered	Limited to 1-1.2 pu	
	Scale	Large (GW)	Small (ensemble of many at W-kW)	Image source: NREL
	Control	Well understood	Have been GFL (—load) Grid-forming just emerging	



With these in mind, let us see what are the challenges in black start with IBRs

*SG: Synchronous Generator (conventional generator, e.g., thermal generator) *pu: per unit

Ref: GFM inverter roadmap.

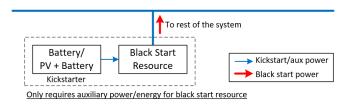
Technical Challenges

- May have no one large IBR black start resource reserved
 - Multiple IBRs, combined with storages, should be involved in black start process → increase complexity, not well understood
- Challenge & Opportunity come together
 - Effect of inrush/transient current more critical due to less SCR
 - Delicate control available. Inverter can soft-start the backbone
- No industry practice/protocol in place yet.
- \rightarrow Research, Development, and Demonstration in *high demand*.

^{*}IBR: Inverter-Based Resources

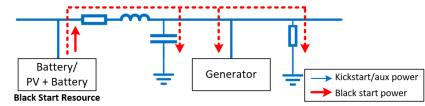
Renewable + Storage: 4 Potential Use Cases

#1: BSR Kickstarter: Co-located



Well defined & contained. Use cases already seen. Near-future solution. Limited use, 1:1 match.

#3: Full BSR w/ single GFM unit



A Storage Unit (or PV+Storage) as a fully functional black start resource

Replaces current BSRs. May require more sectionalized systems to reduce the baseline load and/or demand in the cranking path.

#2: BSR Kickstarter: Not co-located

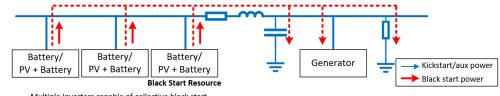


Needs to supply the auxiliary power of the Black Start Resource, and the real and reactive powers required by the transmission line to the Black Start Resource

A step forward from #1. More flexible (1:n match); can cover multiple generators. GFM inverter should overcome "unknown" loading/fault or fail.

*BSR: Black Start Resource; GFM: Grid-Forming. Ref: PESGM 2020.

#4: Full BSR w/ multiple GFM units



Multiple Inverters capable of collective black start

Futuristic, but maybe ultimate solution. Can cover wide area with aggregated capacity. Most resilient; not relying on specific resources; autonomy and adaptive operation can be obtained. Involves complexity. More understanding and standardization needed.

5

Laboratory Activities at NREL for Black Start

Black start-related R&D works at NREL

- Closely working with DOE, Labs, Industry, Academia.
- From near-future concept to forth seeing concepts
 - COM-free & COM-assisted
 - Centralized & decentralized coordination
 - Distribution (bottom-up) & Transmission
 - Cyber security. Use of blockchain...
- From 30W prototype to MW scale

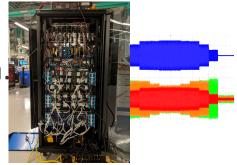
Full HW GFM IBR testbed w/ programmable inverters. Image source: NREL

 NREL Flatirons Campus is capable more than 20MVA

 Image by Josh Bauer, NREL

 NREL
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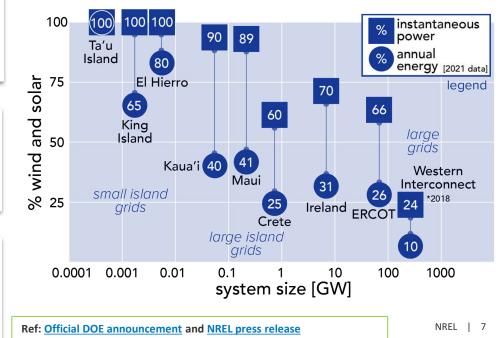


A consortium to pave the way for future power grid

Future power systems with any mix of machinesand IBRs at any scale that are affordable, secure,reliable, clean, and resilientVision

Forum to address fundamental challenges in seamless integration of GFM technologies into power systems of the future Purpose

Conduct research and development, demo concepts at scale, author best practices and standards, train next-generation workforce **Goal**



What is UNIFI?

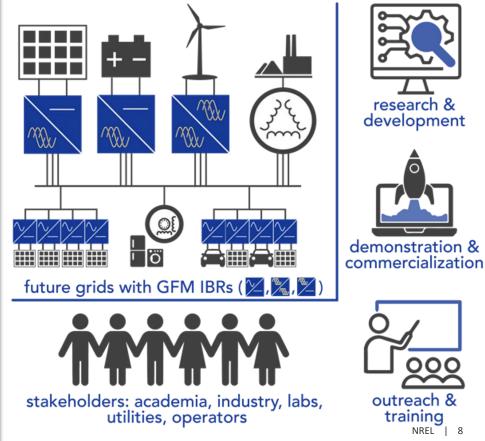
The **UNIFI Consortium** is a forum to address fundamental challenges in the seamless integration of grid-forming (GFM) technologies into power systems of the future

Bringing the industry together to <u>unify</u> the integration and operation of inverter-based resources and synchronous machines

Three major focuses:

- Research & Development
- Demonstration & Commercialization
- Outreach & Training

DOE Funding for 5 years – Organization will be sustainably funded with Memberships during and after the initial 5 years



Conclusion

- IBRs bring challenges and opportunities in black start as well as in the others.
- Lots of miles to go from lab scale to utility.
- R&D will be a key enabler to bring this reality.



Ref: GFM inverter roadmap.



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Want to learn more about research and development works at NREL for this space?

Black start of power grids with inverter-based resources

Grid-forming inverter controls

- <u>Cybersecurity for future electric grid</u>
- <u>Autonomous energy systems</u>
- Grid modernization

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