Smith Newton Vehicle Performance Evaluation – 1st Quarter 2014

The Fleet Test and Evaluation Team at the U.S. Department of Energy's National Renewable Energy Laboratory is evaluating and documenting the performance of electric and plug-in hybrid electric drive systems in medium-duty trucks across the nation. U.S. companies participating in this evaluation project received funding from the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act to cover part of the cost of purchasing these vehicles. Through this project, Smith Electric Vehicles is building and deploying 500 all-electric medium-duty trucks that will be deployed by a variety of companies in diverse climates across the country.

| Number of vehicles: | 198 | Number of vehicle days driven: | 12,042 |
|---------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------------|--------|
| Reporting period: | 1/1/2014 to 3/30/2014 | Number of operating cities: | 69 |

Project Vehicle Specifications¹

| - | | | |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|
| Curb Weight | 9,700–10,200 pounds | Electric Top Speed | 50 mph |
| Overall Length | 268-368 inches | Battery Capacity | 80 or 120 kWh |
| Overall Width | 87 inches | Battery Voltage | ~ 350 V |
| Overall Height | 94–99 inches | Charging Standard | SAE J1772 |
| Peak Motor Power | 134 kW | Transmission | Single speed reduction gear |
| Motor Location | Front, behind cab | Drive | Rear wheel drive |
| Advertised Range ² | Up to 150 miles | Drag Coefficient | ~ 0.5 |
| Seating | 3 | Wheelbase | 153-220 inches |
| Payload | 12,324-16,200 pounds | | |

Trip Data

| Overall Diesel Equivalent Fuel Economy ³ | 24.1 mpge | |
|---|------------------------|----------|
| Overall AC Energy ⁴ | 1,991.7 Wh/mi | 25 |
| Overall DC Electrical Energy Charged | 1,751.2 Wh/mi | 20 |
| Overall DC Electrical Energy Discharged | 1,561.7 Wh/mi | <u>د</u> |
| Driving DC Electrical Energy Consumption ⁵ | 1,454.0 Wh/mi | e 15 |
| Total Number of Charges | 23,914 | ູ້ ຈີ 10 |
| Total Charge Energy Delivered | 568,031 kWh | <u> </u> |
| Total Distance Traveled | 286,081 miles | 0 |
| City Highway Distance ⁶ | 191,292 94,790 miles | U |
| City Highway Distance ⁶ | 66.9 33.1 % | |



Route Information

| Average Distance Traveled per Day | 23.7 miles |
|--|--------------|
| Median Daily Driving Aggressiveness ⁷ | 1.8 [0–10] |
| Average Number of Stops per Day per Mile | 45.5 2.6 |
| Average Brake (Regen) Events | 9.4 per mile |
| Average Maximum Acceleration | 0.33 g |
| Average Daily Maximum Driving Speed | 47.4 mph |
| Average Daily Driving Speed | 21.0 mph |

Diesel Equivalent Fuel Economy





Daily Driving Distance⁹



Time of Day When Driving



Plug-In Charging



Time of Day When Charging



Time of Day When Plugging In





Distance between Recharges^{9,11}

1. Vehicle specifications provided by Smith Electric Vehicles.

2. Actual electric range will vary based on drive cycle and vehicle configuration.

3. Miles per gallon diesel equivalent (mpge) is calculated based on a 128,450 Btu/gallon energy density provided by U.S. Department of Energy's Alternative Fuels Data Center. Using this information, diesel fuel mpge equates to 37.6 kWh.

4. Assumed charger efficiency of 90%.

5. Total in-motion energy consumption averaged per mile. These figures cover multiple vehicle configurations, in multiple cities, with multiple environments, topologies, and load profiles. These numbers are averages of a diverse fleet of vehicles and can not be used to predict the efficiency of any particular Smith vehicle.

6. City and highway distance classifications are distinguished by a 35-mph trip speed. Trips classified as "highway" achieved a maximum driving speed in excess of 35 mph, while trips classified as "city" do not.

7. Daily driving aggressiveness is kinetic intensity scaled by a factor of two. Kinetic intensity measures hybrid advantage. For more information on kinetic intensity, please refer to O'Keefe, M., Simpson, A., Kelly, K., and Pedersen, D., "Duty Cycle Characterization and Evaluation Towards Heavy Hybrid Vehicle Applications," SAE Technical Paper 2007-01-0302, 2007, doi:10.4271/2007-01-0302.

8. Selected test cycles for comparison: Hybrid Truck Users Forum class 6 (HTUF 6), California Air Resources Board Heavy Heavy-Duty Diesel Truck (CARB HHDDT), and New York Composite (NY COMP). For more information please visit: http://www.dieselnet.com/standards/cycles/

9. Average pack estimated range calculated based on battery energy storage capacity (80 kWh or 120 kWh) and average overall DC electrical energy consumption. Data are being collected for both 80 kWh and 120 kWh battery capacity vehicle configurations. Previous data collected from 120 kWh configurations are unusable.

10. Current charge time information is calculated based on time spent while energy is being delivered to the battery.

11. All recharges occurring with less than 0.5 miles traveled were excluded from the chart for visual clarity.



Energy Efficiency & Renewable Energy

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