

Office of ENERGY EFFICIENCY & RENEWABLE ENERGY

DOE Solar Integration R&D Priorities and Recent Initiatives

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Systems Integration, SETO / EERE / DOE



Solar Energy Technologies Office Overview

MISSION

We accelerate the **advancement** and **deployment of solar technology** in support of an **equitable** transition to a **decarbonized energy system by 2050**, starting with a decarbonized power sector by 2035

WHAT WE DO

Drive innovation in technology and soft cost reduction to make solar **affordable** and **accessible** for all Americans Enable solar to support the **reliability**, **resilience**, and **security** of the grid

Support job growth, manufacturing, and the circular economy in a wide range of applications

U.S. Energy Mix Scenarios 2020-2050



installed

1,600 gigawatts installed 3,000 GW in decarbonized energy system

https://www.energy.gov/eere/solar/solar-futures-study

installed

SETO Systems Integration (SI) Program

The Systems Integration (SI) subprogram supports early-stage research, development, and demonstration (RD&D) of technologies and solutions – focusing on technical pillars **data**, **analytics, control, and hardware** - that advance the **reliable, resilient, secure and affordable** integration of solar energy onto the U.S. electric grid.



Challenges in Planning and Operations of a Decarbonized Grid

Operating a Power Grid with Extremely High IBR Contribution

Power system	System size	Peak solar + wind <i>power</i> contribution	Annual solar + wind energy contribution
U.S. WECC	163 GW	36%	13%
U.S. ERCOT	80 GW	58%	20%
U.S. SPP	51 GW	69%	28%
U.S. CAISO4	44 GW	70%	20%
Australia NEM	35 GW	50%	21%
Ireland	7 GW	84%	36%
Oahu	4 GW	58%	22%
Maui	0.5 GW	80%	37%

Solar Energy Technologies Office Multi-Year Program Plan | Department of Energy



The frequency of occurrence of solar and wind power contributions at different demand levels in CAISO for 2019. For a vast majority of the operation periods, solar and wind penetration is low (Area A). Occasionally solar and wind provide a high contribution to the generation supply, with high percentage at low demand times (Area B), and lower percentage at high demand times (Area C). In the future, as solar and wind reach much higher deployment, the system will operate at high demand most of the times (Area D).

Managing Solar and Wind Generation Variability and Uncertainty

- Daily renewable profile (CAISO Daily Outlook, April 24, 2021)
- Served 94.5% of the load served by RE at 2:28pm for 4 seconds





Ensuring Grid Reliability and Stability

- Major events in US, UK, and South Australia since 2016 Blue Cut Fire have shown
 - Significant "unexpected" loss of utility-scale solar PV, wind, and distributed generation (including DPV) due to transmission disturbances
 - Needs for improvements to NERC Reliability Standards, address modeling issues during interconnection studies and commissioning, and performance-based requirements for IBRs



Figure 2.1: June 24 Disturbance Causes of Solar PV Reduction





Table ES.1: Overview of Disturbances					
Disturbance and Name	Initiating Fault Event	Description of Resource Loss*			
June 24, 2021 "Victorville"	Phase-to-Phase Fault on 500 kV Line	Loss of 765 MW of solar PV resources (27 facilities) Loss of 145 MW of DERs			
July 4, 2021 "Tumbleweed"	Phase-to-Phase Fault on 500 kV Line	Loss of 605 MW of solar PV resources (33 facilities) Loss of 125 MW at natural gas facility Loss of 46 MW of DERs			
July 28, 2021 "Windhub"	Single-Line-to-Ground Fault on 500 kV Circuit Breaker	Loss of 511 MW of solar PV resources (27 facilities) Loss of 46 MW of DERs			
August 25, 2021 "Lytle Creek Fire"	Phase-to-Phase Fault on 500 kV Line	Loss of 583 MW of solar PV resources (30 facilities) Loss of 212 MW at natural gas facility Loss of 91 MW at a different natural gas facility			

Achieving Scalability in a Complex Cyber-Physical System



Source: NREL Autonomous Energy Systems

Recent R&D Initiatives

SETO System Integration Key Research Areas

~\$55M annual budget, ~90 active RD&D projects

System Planning

- Power system modeling
- PV plant and inverter modeling
- Solar resource data & solar forecasting
- Resource adequacy
- Production cost modeling
- Reliability and interconnection standards

System Operation

- Real time situation awareness
- State estimation and power flow
- System and inverter control
- System protection, stability, risk management
- Grid services and system flexibility
 DER integration and aggregation of PV, ESS, EV, and buildings
 SW tools -EMS, ADMS, DERMS, MGMS

Resilience & Cybersecurity

- Resilience planning and benchmark metrics
- Resilient microgrids and DER-based solutions
- Measurement & Verification, and cost/benefit analysis
- Cybersecurity R&D and assessment tools for device, plant, and system
- Cybersecurity standards
- Stakeholder education and information sharing

Enabling Technologies

- Power electronics
- Energy storage
- Data analytics and AI/ML
- Sensing and communication
- High performance computing and cloud-based tools
- CHIL and PHIL testbeds

Latest Funding Programs (1)



FOA Issue Date: 4/20/2023		
Informational Webinar: 5/4/2023		
Submission Deadline for Concept Papers: 6/5/2023		
Submission Deadline for Full Applications: 8/15/2023		
Expected Submission Deadline for Replies to Reviewer Comments: 9/13/2023		
Expected Date for EERE Selection Notifications: December, 2023		
Expected Timeframe for Award Negotiations: December, 2023 – April, 2024		

- FOA announced on April 20, 2023
- \$30 million to fund projects will develop new state-of-the-art planning and operations tools to enable solar energy to be more optimally and reliably integrated and utilized within the electric power grid
 - Topic 1: Planning Tools for Future Power Systems 3-4 projects, \$2-2.5 million each
 - Topic 2: Variability Management in Grid Operations 3-4 projects, \$2.5-3.5 million each
 - Topic 3: Rapid System Health and Risk Assessment Tools for Grid Operators 3-5 projects, \$2.5-4 million each

Latest Funding Programs (2)



- Selections announced in May 2023
- \$26 million IIJA funding for projects that can demonstrate an electric grid that runs on 100% solar, wind, and battery storage.
 - Topic 1: Wind and Solar Grid Services Design, Implementation, and Demonstration
 - Topic 2: Protection of Bulk Power Systems with High Contribution from Inverter-Based Resources

- Topic 1: Wind and Solar Grid Services Design, Implementation, and Demonstration (4 projects)
 - Electric Power Research Institute
 - GE Renewable Energy
 - Portland General Electric Company
 - Veritone
- Topic 2: Protection of Bulk Power Systems with High Contribution from Inverter-Based Resources (4 projects)
 - Con Edison Company Of New York
 - National Renewable Energy Laboratory
 - Pacific Gas And Electric Company
 - University Of Illinois At Chicago

Latest Funding Programs (3)



Renewables Advancing Community Energy Resilience (RACER)

- Selections announced in November 2022
- \$27 million for projects to enable communities to utilize solar and solar-plus-storage in Topic Areas 1 & 2
- Kickoff meeting June 6 & 7 in DC

- Topic 1: Innovative Community-Based Energy Resilience Planning (11 projects)
 - City Of Duluth
 - Electric Power Research Institute
 - Groundswell
 - Kansas State University
 - Lawrence Berkeley National Laboratory
 - National Renewable Energy Laboratory
 - Navajo Technical University
 - North Carolina State University
 - University Of Central Florida
 - Virginia Department Of Energy
 - Wayne State University
- Topic 2: Automation Strategies for Rapid Energy Restoration (6 projects)
 - GE Research
 - National Renewable Energy Laboratory
 - National Rural Electric Cooperative
 Association
 - Slipstream
 - University Of Connecticut
 - Washington State University

UNIFI: Grid-Forming Technology Consortium

- SETO-Funded, NREL-Led, \$25M, 5-Year Program (2022-2026)
- Year 1: Published "Specifications for Grid-forming Inverterbased Resources, Version 1" (Open for Comments)



Figure 1: Mission, Vision, Goals, and Thrusts of UNIFI.



This document contains confidential, proprietary, or privileged information exempt from public disclosure.

Power Electronics Grid Interface (PEGI) at NREL



Industry Workshop, May 24th and 25th, 2023, <u>https://www.nrel.gov/grid/power-electronics-grid-interface-workshop.html</u>

Unlocking the Value of Solar Forecasting

Round 1: October 2021, Solar Forecasting Prize https://www.energy.gov/eere/solar/american-made-solarforecasting-prize Round 2: February 2023, Net Load Forecasting Prize (Open) https://www.energy.gov/eere/solar/american-made-net-

load-forecasting-prize



American-Made Challenges



Solar Forecasting Funding Programs (2013 & 2017)

- Improve irradiance forecast
- Improve power forecast & utility integration
- Create benchmarking tools

Solar Forecast Arbiter

A paradigm shift in forecast evaluation



(Source: University of Arizona/EPRI)

Interconnection Standards for Inverter-Based Resources



When adopted by the appropriate authority (e.g., transmission owners/operators, NERC, FERC, distribution utilities), IEEE standards become mandatory

(Source: IEEE P2800 WG, Jens C. Boemer, Andy Hoke, et al)





Stakeholder Engagement Establish and foster working groups to solve interconnection challenges



Data Collection and Analysis Collect and analyze interconnection data to inform solutions development



Strategic Roadmap Development Create roadmap to inform interconnection process improvements



Technical Assistance Leverage DOE laboratory expertise to support stakeholder roadmap implementation



Securing Solar for Grid (S2G) Program Activities

ybersecurity

Certification

Program

and NASEO

ybersecurity

Advisory

Team for

State Solar

SunSpec

- Regularly meet to assess current industry trends and facilitate nonconsensus discussion and debate on project priorities.
- Coordinate activities and promotes collaboration with CESER and EERE offices.
- Facilitate Industry Advisory Board meetings.
- Facilitate periodic informational webinars, led or supported by the national labs.



2030.5 certification

Department of Energy

Solar Energy Technologies Office

Lab Coordinating Committee DOE SD2 IEC 62443 IEEE 1547.3 and 62351 Standard PURPOSE: The purpose of LCC is to PROCESS: The LCC hosts non-consensus aggregate and assess the status of technical priority discussions on a the industry cyber defense posture bimonthly basis to help SETO understand through stakeholder feedback, and what is needed for the development of SunSpec/ understand the evolving cyber threats cybersecurity certification, and other Sandia P2030.103 **IEEE P2800** to solar energy technologies, inverterrelevant standards such as P2800, IEEE vbersecurit based resources (IBRs), and other 1547.3. DOE SD2-C2M2 etc., for DERs and Working types of distributed energy resources IBRs and to help SETO determine strategic Group (DERs). The LCC chair and vice chair priorities. The LCC will also convene, twice coordinates tasks and priorities across a year, with energy stakeholders, such as Workforce the DOE national laboratories and leads electric utilities, state and federal energy DOE/DHS evelopmen Support cooperation on viable cybersecurity officials, aggregators, grid operators, Securing e.g. Solar supply chair strategies and the development of integrators, vendors, and manufacturers Energy CyberStrike standards fo cybersecurity policies and functions that to gather their feedback on cybersecurity training, iolarCERT tool frastructur solar industry protect the electrical grid. strategies, policies, and priorities. (SEI) Task CyberForce force competition Pacific

Transforming ENERGY

NATIONAL LABORATORY

Solar Cybersecurity Research Areas

STANDARDS DEVELOPMENT & BEST PRACTICES

Stakeholder engagement to investigate gaps and develop best practices that can become standards to enable the secure integration of inverter based resources and DERs.

EDUCATION & WORKFORCE DEVELOPMENT

Development of educational modules and training to increase cybersecurity awareness and knowledge within solar stakeholders.

CYBERSECURITY TOOL KIT & SUPPLY CHAIN

R&D of tools to understand cybersecurity posture, risk assessment to inform investments, and device design security & maturity model for cyber supply chain.



THANK YOU

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https://www.energy.gov/eere/solar/solar-energy-technologies-office-careers#jobs