

Innovation for Our Energy Future

E85 Retail Business Case: When and Why to Sell E85

Caley Johnson, Center for Transportation Technologies and Systems Clean Cities Web Cast August 30, 2007



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Agenda

- Convey current state of the retail gasoline market
- Explore E85 as part of the solution
- Test the profitability of E85 as an investment
- Give retailers guidance to assess if E85 would be a good investment for them



Outside Perspective/Help

Reviews

- John Eichberger (National Association of Convenience Stores)
- Jim Gentry (Gas America)
- John McKenna (Hamilton Clark & Co.)

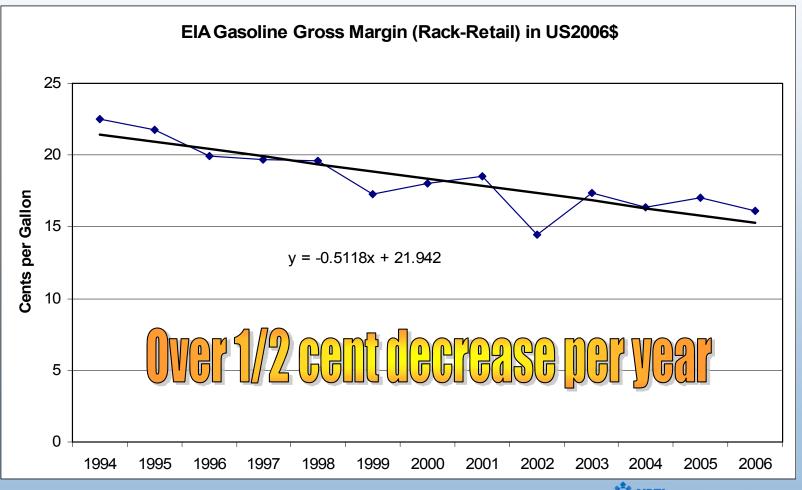
Interviews

- William Brown (Energy Information Administration)
- Nicole Cimino (Internal Revenue Service)
- Christopher Gaskins (Petroleum Realty Advisors)
- Troy Hill (Hill Petroleum)
- Phil Hutchinson and Scott Negley (Dresser Wayne)
- Liz Kaiser (Sinclair Oil Co.)
- Jim Kerth (Kubot Equipment Co.)
- Dan Koster (Little John's Equipment Co.)
- Phil Lampert (National Ethanol Vehicle Coalition)
- Paul Miller (EPA Office of Underground Storage Tanks)
- Steve Richardson (Public Solutions Group)
- Steve Walk, Karl Doenges (CleanFuel USA)



Tough Times

Gross Margins are decreasing



Cause of Lower Margins: Increased pricing and location competition

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RICE

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- Increased price transparency
- Science and technology of location planning advancing rapidly

\$2.90



S

Chevron

Food Mart

1.76 B

Billion 1.86

atta 196å

FastPav

Self Series

Constant



SPONSORED BY:

\$3.30

Highest

ME



Hypermarts- the Perfect Competition

- Located where people go anyway
- Buy in bulk
- Often sell gasoline as a leader (for a loss)
 - Club card discounts
- They're successful
 - ~2.5% of retail outlets, but 7.7% of fuel sales (2004)
- They're increasing
 - 62% of grocery stores planned in 2004 had gas stations in their blueprints



Solutions to Decreasing Margins

- Attract Customers to higher-margin goods
 - E85 can bring more customers to the convenience store
- Attract Loyal Niche Market
 - E85 attracts Fleets
- Increase throughput

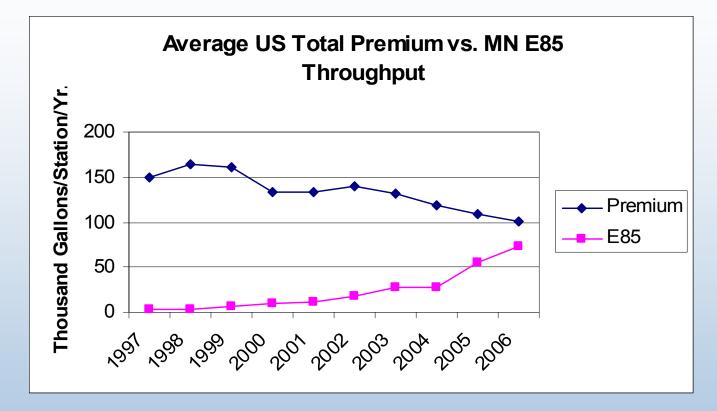
 E85 sold 74K gal/station
 MN 2006

Item	Margin (percent)
Gasoline*	6%
In-Store Goods	30%
Prepared Food	48%
Car Wash	56%

*Gross Margins of combined regular, premium, and mid-grade after fuel transport.



Solutions part 2: Upgrade to a Growing Market



- Converging averages mean that E85 is outselling higher grade gasoline at an increasing number of stations
- Most modern cars don't require premium to keep from knocking

Solutions part 3: Differentiate

Give customers something other than price and location to base their decision on



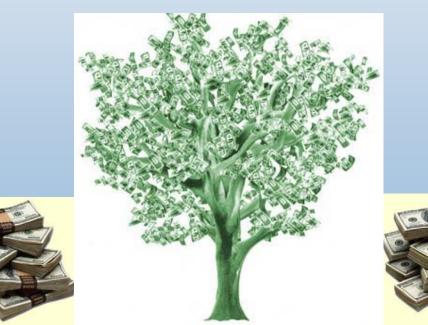
Differentiation is Highly Valued

Form of Differentiation	Action	Cost
Appearance (new, clean, well-lit)	Remodel every 11.5 years	\$228,000 per remodel
Branded gasoline	Additional cost of branded in California for 2001-2002 time span	\$54,000 per station per year
Green marketing	British Petroleum rebranded to BP or "Beyond Petroleum"	\$7,800 per station
Green, cutting-edge, patriotic, pro-farmer image	Offer E85	\$2,500 to \$200,000 for 15 yr. project



E85 Can be an Affordable Part of the Solution and a Good Investment

- Test investment with cash flow model
 - Cash flow analysis is standard way of assessing investments.
 - Model allows us to manipulate the various inputs and note effect.



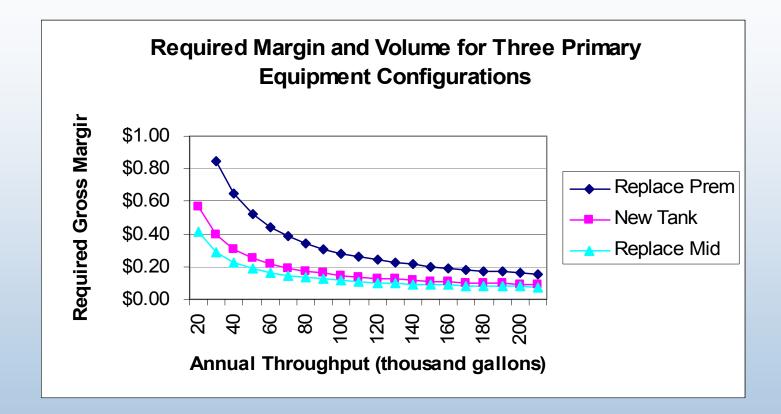
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Model Inputs and Outputs

- Determinants of Profitability
 - Throughput
 - Cost of Equipment
 - Required ROI
 - Maintenance and operation costs
 - Taxable net income of station before project
 - Annual throughput of mid-grade and premium
 - Numerous fixed assumptions (taxes, loan terms, etc.)
- Indicator of Profitability
 - Required Gross Margin for E85



Equipment Comparison



Reference Point: Average margin for regular gasoline in the U.S. (after transportation) is ~\$0.12

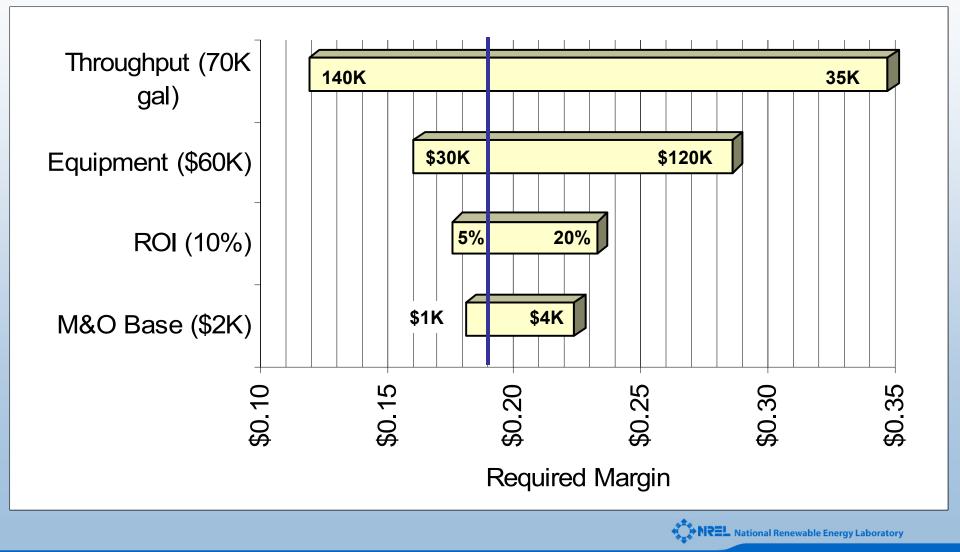


Test #2- Variance

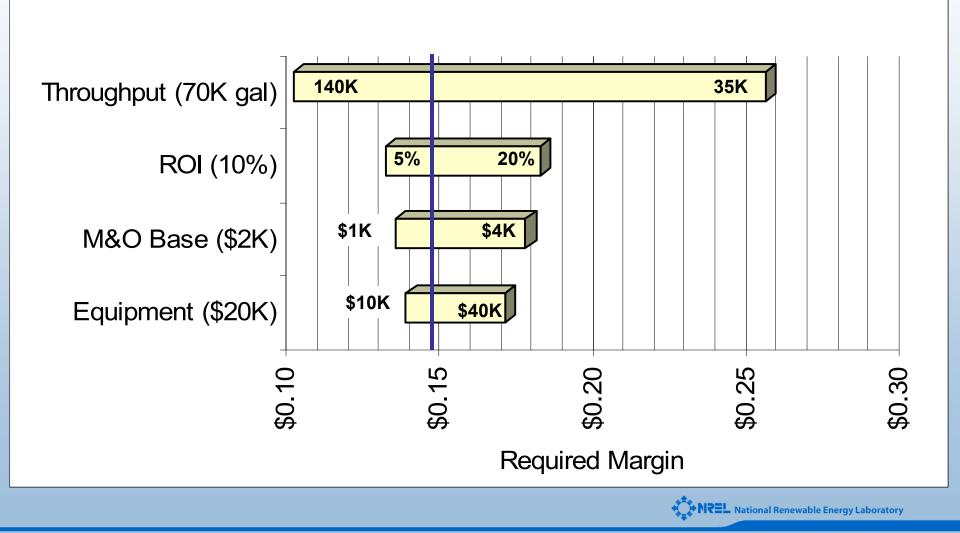
- Test the relative influence of the determinants
 Double and halve each of them
- Findings
 - Order of profitability (mid, new tank, premium) never changed
 - Replacing premium particularly bad when:
 - Original Premium and Mid throughput is doubled
 - Equipment prices are halved



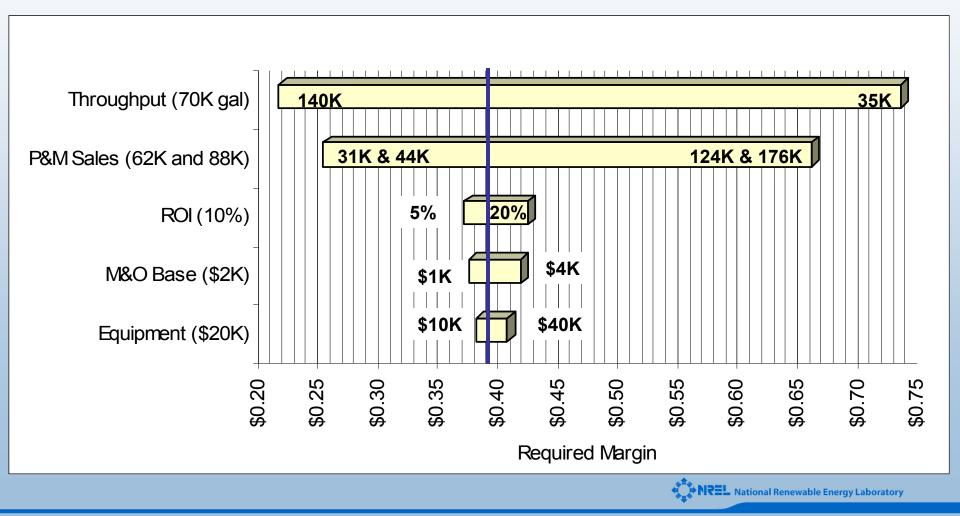
What Factors have the greatest effect on profitability when adding a new tank?



What Factors have the greatest effect on profitability when replacing mid-grade?



What factors have the greatest effect on profitability when replacing premium?



Test #3: Effects of Differentiation

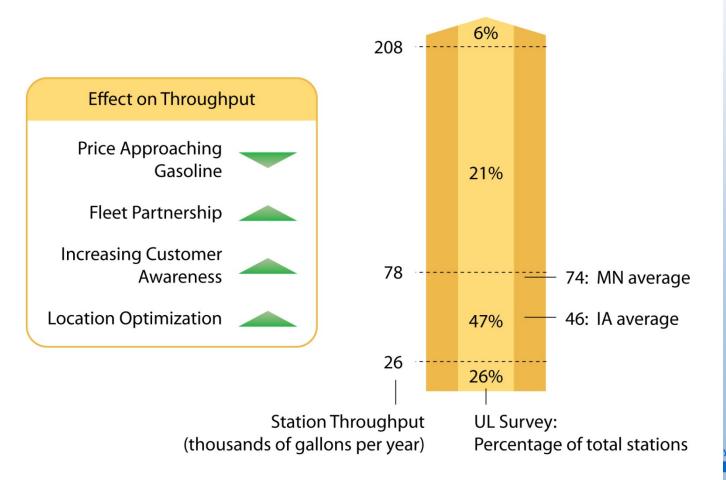
Decrease in Required Margin Caused by 1% In-Store Sales Increase			
Throughput	Decrease	RM for Base-Case New-	
(Kgal)	in RM	Tank (for reference)	
30	\$0.077	\$0.395	
50	\$0.046	\$0.253	
70	\$0.033	\$0.192	
90	\$0.026	\$0.158	
110	\$0.021	\$0.137	
130	\$0.018	\$0.122	
150	\$0.015	\$0.111	
170	\$0.014	\$0.103	
190	\$0.012	\$0.096	

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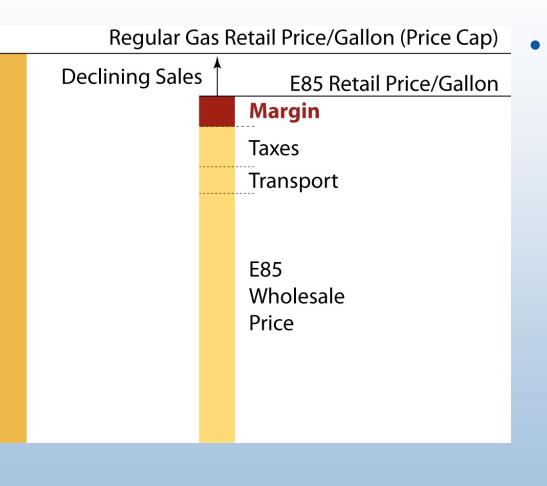
Assessing Potential Throughput

What station-specific factors affect throughput?

How much E85 are stations selling per year?



Assessing Potential Gross Margin



- E85 Wholesale Price
 - Spot market not a good indicator of prices; it represents the most volatile 5-15% of sales
 - Most producer-blender contracts are fixed price, some are pegged to the price of gas
 - Need to research prices with local blenders
 - Lowest prices offered by ethanol plants



Conclusion: Checklist for E85 Favorability

- Robust competition in the gasoline market= 1. need to differentiate
- Large Potential Throughput of E85 2.
- Have mid-grade tank that can be changed out 3.
- Access to lower E85 wholesale costs 4.
- Low M&O costs due to quality or warranty 5.
- 6. State Incentives or cost-share for E85 Installation
 - See AFDC website for state incentives
- 7. Have low and declining sales of premium grade



Future Work

- Fact Sheet
- Web-based Model
- Regional Equipment Costs

 Need bids and invoices from you!



Contact Info

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